ROBERT, PORTER & CO.'S
BULL DOG BOTTLING
OF
BASS'S ALE
AND
GUINNESS' STOUT
CAN BE HAD AT:
All Wine Merchants, Bars, Restaurants, and Hotels.

The Bombay Gazette

No. 52,786—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1903. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Milkmaid Brand Milk
LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE
WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.
SATURDAY 2 P.M.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	1903.
M.L. ORIENTAL	6234	F. N. Tillard	7th Feb
* CALEDONIA	7508	E. H. Gordon	14th "
M.L. PERSIA	7891	W. A. Wheler	21st "
* EGYPT	7912	J. Chellew	28th "
M.L. CALEDONIA	7508	E. H. Gordon	7th March
* PENINSULAR	5394	T. Leigh	14th "
M.L. EGYPT	7912	J. Chellew	21st "
* MASSILIA	5011	G W Cookman	28th "
M.L. ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	4th April
* PENINSULAR	5394	T. Leigh	11th "
M.L. BRITANNIA	6986	F. H. Seymour	18th "
* MASSILIA	5011	G. W. Cookman	25th "
M.L. PERSIA	7891	W. A. Wheler	2nd May
* PENINSULAR	5394	T. Leigh	9th "
M.L. CALEDONIA	7508	E. H Gordon	16th "

The steamers marked M. L. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth and London, passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.
The steamers marked * proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipp there for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth or London.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage Labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 11-30 A.M. and 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA and JAPAN, and return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.
Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports en route.

F. RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 22nd November, 1902.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms, Berths carefully selected. SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA, by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.
DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX	C. Bellon	4,194	1st Mar, 1903.
IMPERATOR	P. Ivellich	4,119	1st April 1903.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600,	Rs. 325,	Rs. 150

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
a TIROL	Bretfel	2,771	20th Feb- 1903
TRIESTE	E. Mocenni	5,095	18th Mar. 1903
b AUSTRIA	H. Colledani	6,500	26th Mar. 1903
MAIL BAQUEHEM	T. Rassevich	4,469	18th April 1903

a Will call at Karachi, b Will call at Fiume.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 400	Rs. 150,

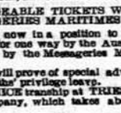
RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.
1st Class Rs. 900, 2nd Class Rs. 488, Saloon Rs. 600, Deck Rs. 300.
THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.
1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.
INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.
The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.
This arrangement will prove of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.
Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN, VIA COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
MARIA VALERIE		4,385	28th Feb., 1903

For further particulars, regarding Passages apply to
E. SCARPA, Agent.
Sassoon House, 23, Church Gate Street.
Bombay, 6th February, 1903.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.



FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on THURSDAY.
CALEDONIEN	4,222	Remes	12th Feb, 1903.
OCEANIEN	4,259	Guigues	12th Mar. 1903.
ERNEST SIMONS	5,707	Dupuy Fromy	9th Apr. 1903.
ONKIN	6,363	Schmitz	7th May 1903.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.
The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

S. S. "TONKIN," 6,363 tons, Captain Schmitz, to sail on or about the 4th March, 1903.
For further particulars apply to
P. de BURE, Agent.
N. 40 Oriental Bank Buildings, 37, Esplanade Road, Bombay

THOS. COOK AND SON,

BANKERS, PASSENGER AND FORWARDING AGENTS.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES
AT
REDUCED RATES.

FOR long PERIOD RETURN TICKETS by P. and O. and other Lines.

PASSAGES engaged by all Liners and Non-Liners FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION. Special attention to the selection of berths and grouping of passengers.
SPECIAL REDUCTIONS to Families, Missionaries and Railway Officials to London; also to Government Officials via China and America to Europe.
THROUGH TICKETS issued from any Railway station in India to all parts of the World.
COOK'S INTERPRETERS meet and assist passengers at London, Marseilles, Genoa, and all Chief Towns of the world.
OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and tickets supplied from any part of the World to India.
PASSENGERS' BAGGAGE received, forwarded or insured against theft and all risks.
PACKAGES of every description stored, and shipped as cargo to all parts of the world at lowest rates; ESTIMATES on application.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and amounts placed on DEPOSIT for FIXED PERIODS.
STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold.
DRAFTS, CIRCULAR NOTES, & LETTERS OF CREDIT issued and REMITTANCES made.

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, RANGOON, COLOMBO,

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED,
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.
S. S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on FRIDAY, the 13th February, at 2 p.m., or later, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS AND KURRACHEE.
S. S. "KISTNA," 1,182 tons, on TUESDAY, the 10th February, at 10 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie and Kurrachee in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting.)

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.
S. S. "KHANDALLA," 2,040 tons, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th February, at 10 a.m., calling at Kurrachee, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingo, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Bureh, in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting).

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.
S. S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on THURSDAY, 12th February, at 10 a.m.

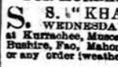
FOR MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, BEIRA, DELEGOA BAY, DURBAN, EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH, AND CAPE TOWN.
S. S. "NUDDEA," 3,005 tons, on or about MONDAY, 16th February.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.
S. S. "JAVA," 1,477 tons, on or about 8th February.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 5th February, 1903. Agents.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

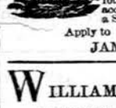


PASSAGES engaged, and best available Berths secured, at Lowest Rates obtainable by P. & O., and all other Steamers, Free of Charge for Commission.
Latest List of Sailings, Fares, and full information furnished by return of post, on application.
Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. & O.
Every Assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.
Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.
Packages of every description received for despatch as Cargo to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on Application.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

BOMBAY AND AUSTRALIA.

S. S. "ITINDA," 5,203 Tons, will SAIL from BOMBAY, for AUSTRALIAN PORTS via CALCUTTA, on or about 10th FEBRUARY.
For Rates of Freight, &c., apply to
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents, B. I. S. N. Co., Ld., Bombay,
27th January, 1903.



THE S. S. "HYDASPES," WILL SAIL for ANTWERP about 10th FEBRUARY. She has splendid accommodation for Passengers and carries a Surgeon on Board. For fare, &c.
Apply to
JAMES, MACKINTOSH & CO.

WILLIAM WATSON & Co.,

BANKERS & PASSENGER AGENTS,
(ESTABLISHED 1867.)
8, Hornby Road—BOMBAY.

CALCUTTA—8, Dalhousie Square, E.
KARACHI—Bunder Road.
LONDON—(Head Office), 7, Waterloo Place, Pall Mall, S.W.
LIVERPOOL—23, Water Street.
MARSEILLES—32, Rue de la Republique.
PORT SAID—8, Quay Francois Joseph.
CAPE TOWN—92, Adderley Street, S.A.
DURBAN S.A.—Gardiner Street.
JOHANNESBURG—7, Tyne Buildings, Market Street, S. A.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened with any amount over Rs. 200, and Interest allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for 3, 6, 9 and 12 Months, at interest to be learned on Application.
PAY, PENSIONS AND ANNUITIES collected.
Letters of CREDIT payable anywhere, issued at Current Rates.
DRAFTS, CHEQUES AND BANK BILLS issued, cashed or sent for Collection.
TELEGRAPHIC AND REGULAR HOME FAMILY REMITTANCES made AT THE BEST Exchange rate of the day.
ADDRESSES of HOME friends for Telegraphic purposes registered FREE.
VOLUMINOUS Private CODE minimizing expense, at CLIENTS' Service.
STOCKS, SHARES, &c., bought and sold.
GOVERNMENT PAPER AND OTHER SECURITIES kept for safe custody, and interest and Dividends collected.
LOANS and ADVANCES made on approved securities.
MONIES Cabled and paid same day in England, Cost of Message about Rs. 8, and NO COMMISSION charged for remitting.
SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and supplied at specially favourable rates.
ASSURANCE—LIFE, FIRE, MARINE—effected at reasonable rates.
Agents for the STANDARD and ORIENTAL LIFE OFFICES.
Full information promptly given and Handbooks sent free on Application.

INSURANCES.

THREE IMPORTANT FACTS
ABOUT THE
STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.

1.—OVER THREE QUARTERS OF A MILLION STERLING per annum is being paid in Death Claims year by year.

2.—THE FUNDS IN HAND amount to over £ 9,900,000 and have increased 50 per cent. in the last 15 years.

3.—THE LIVES who die are annually replaced by more than double the number of new carefully selected lives.

F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary.

N. B.—POLICIES ISSUED IN RUPEES, OR IN STERLING.

WHY COUGH?
WHY COUGH?
WHY COUGH?

There is absolutely no remedy so speedy and effectual. One Lozenge alone gives relief. Simple, but sure in action, they can be taken by the most delicate.

KEATING'S LOZENGES
KEATING'S LOZENGES
KEATING'S LOZENGES
KEATING'S LOZENGES

If you cannot sleep for coughing, one Keating's Lozenge will set you right. They at once check the cough and remove the cause. An enormous sale all over the world during the past 80 years proves their great value.

GIVE INSTANT RELIEF.
GIVE INSTANT RELIEF.
GIVE INSTANT RELIEF.

Keating's Cough Lozenges, the unrivalled remedy for COUGHS, HOARSENESS, and THROAT TROUBLES, are sold everywhere in bottles by all Chemists.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 Pages of the "Pall Mail Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage, English Subscription Rs. 15 per year including Postage.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

HOTEL WINDSOR,

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.
SPECIAL NOTICE.
ELECTRICALLY lighted throughout day and night. Moderate Tariff. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents). Turkish Baths
INCLUSIVE TERMS FROM 12s. PER DAY.
J. R. CLEAVE,
Proprietor.

CURZON & Co.

CIGAR MERCHANTS AND TOBACCONISTS
LARGEST HOUSE FOR
ALL BRANDS OF
INDIAN, MANILLA,
HAVANA AND CONTINENTAL CIGARS,
BEST EGYPTIAN, ENGLISH, AND AMERICAN CIGARETTES,
TOCOS, PIPES, AND SMOKERS REQUISITES.
ALSO SOME INTERESTING CURIOS.
PRICE LISTS FREE.
15, ESPLANADE ROAD,
OPPOSITE WATSON'S HOTEL.

ARE YOU A CONNOISSEUR IN TEA?
A DAILY TREAT !!
BRITANNIA BRAND TEAS.
THE ONLY GOLD MEDAL AWARDED IN POONA EXHIBITION.

Tea in Perfection from the Tea Plant to the Tea Cup in its Native Purity. — Exquisite Flavour. Delicate Aroms. Youngest Growths. — Choicest of Tea at the lowest possible cost and saving all middlemen's profits.

Important to Mofussil: Free Delivery on their Station.
Prices from Re. 1-12 to As. 11 Per Packet.
J. E. MODY,
TEA AND COFFEE MART,
HORNBY ROW, FORT, BOMBAY.

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Established 1874.
FUNDS EXCEED TWO CRORES
INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
ALL
INTENDING ASSURERS
should apply for the Rates and conditoins of the
ORIENTAL
which are the lowest with safety, being based upon the Company's actual experience since its formation.
LOANS ON THE COMPANY'S POLICIES
LIBERAL SURRENDER VALUES.
Immediate payment of Claims on proof of death and title.
ENDOWMENTS
AND
ANNUITIES
ON
SPECIALLY ATTRACTIVE TERMS.
Full Particulars and Forms may be obtained on application at the Company's Office,
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY,
E. PATERSON BROWN,
Manager.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.
DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.
They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35,
MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

A BOON TO MEN & WOMEN.
A TANK-NIGRAH PILLS.—A successful remedy based on most advanced and modern researches in the Ayurved, or Native Medical Science, for nervous diseases and physical debility, premature exhaustion and loss to vital energy with other allied affections.
A Pamphlet, containing Testimonials from Europeans, will be sent free of charge on application.
To be had of
VAIDYA SHASTRI MANISHANKAR GOVINDJI.
Atank-Nigrah Pharmacy
KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

CONTAMINATIONS
of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all Impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is also only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the "cause" from the blood and bones. To be had of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s. per Bottle. Thousands of Testimonials.
ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS,
warranted to cure all Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional) Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the world Proprietors:—THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUGGIST, London, England.

TOYS AND DOLLS;
From Ans. 4 to Rs. 160.
TRICYCLE and ROCKING HORSES,
THREE DIFFERENT SIZES.
ELECTRO-PLATED WARE,
EVERY HOUSEHOLD REQUISITE.
LEATHER GOODS,
HAND BAGS, PURSES, DESKS, &c., &c.
TOM SMITH'S CRACKERS,
From Ans. 8 to Rs. 5.
CADBURY CHOCOLATE,
FANCY BOXES, SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATION.
FRENCH AND ENGLISH SWEETS,
40 Different Kinds, From Ans. 12 to Rs. 4-8 lb.
COLLARD AND BOWSAR'S SWEETS,
Ans. 4 and Ans. 8.
MAPPIN AND WEBB'S CUTLERY,
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SMOKERS' REQUISITES,
AMBER, MEERSCHAUM PIPES AND HOLDERS.
MORENAS & CO.,
64, MEDOWS STREET, FORT.

NEMESIS' THE MAGIC CURE for Malaria, Influenza, Intermittent, Remittent and Plague Fevers. A trial is solicited. Per Bottle, Re. 1.
F. S. MADON & Co.,
170, Shaikh Memon St. Bombay. AGUE SPECIFIC.

A GOOD CIGAR
SHOULD POSSESS
FRAGRANT BOUQUET
AND
DELIGHTFUL FLAVOUR.
IT SHOULD DRAW
EASILY
AND
BE MADE OF THE
BEST TOBACCO.
BAHADURS
POSSESS ALL THESE QUALITIES.
McDOWELL & CO., LD.,
MADRAS.
SOLE MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS.

PROVISION MERCHANTS, CATERERS, &c.,
THE TIFFIN & DINING ROOMS OF INDIA.
(FITTED WITH ELECTRIC PUNKAHS)
SEATING CAPACITY FOR OVER 250 GUESTS
SPECIALITIES.
FRESH OYSTERS
ICED DRAUGHT ALE AND STOUT.
AMERICAN DRINKS.
SPECIAL LADIES ROOM FOR LIGHT REFRESHMENTS.
BREAKFASTS,
TIFFINS, AND
DINNERS.
TABLE D'HOTE OR A LA CARTE
SERVED AT ANY HOUR OF THE DAY UP TO 8-45 P. M.
BAND OF THE 23RD BOMBAY RIFLES PLAYS EVERY WEDNESDAY FROM 7—9 P. M.
BILLIARD ROOM.
The best appointed in INDIA. Four First-Class Tables fitted with ROBERTS, LOW CUSHIONS.
COOL, SELECT, AND COMFORTABLE.
W. B. GREEN & Co.,
APOLLO BUNDER RESTAURANT,
BOMBAY.

MARCKS & CO., LD., JEWELLERS & DIAMOND MOUNTERS,
Opposite UNIVERSITY CLOCK TOWER,
BOMBAY.
DIAMOND AND GEM RINGS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
LADIES' DIAMOND AND GEM RINGS,
GENTLEMEN'S DIAMOND RINGS,
LADIES' 18 CARAT GOLD KNOT RINGS,
GENTLEMEN'S 18 CARAT GOLD KNOT RINGS,
GENTLEMEN'S HEAVY BANGLE 18 CARAT GOLD RINGS,
18 CARAT GOLD KEEPER RINGS,
GENTLEMEN'S 18 CARAT GOLD SIGNET RINGS,
GUINEA GOLD WEDDING RINGS,
GRAND SELECTION OF LADIES' HALF HOOP AND OTHER RINGS.
Any design not ready in Stock can be made to order.
Gems selected from the Packet
TO SUIT ALL POCKETS.
GEM RINGS from RS. 20 to any Price.
MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
THE JEWELLERS OF WESTERN INDIA.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
[ESTABLISHED 1862.]
Assurances on every sound and approved Plan effected on most Favourable Terms.
NORWICH & LONDON ACCIDENT INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.
(ESTABLISHED 1856).
THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
(ESTABLISHED 1797).
THE PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LD.
(ESTABLISHED 1782).
THE LANCASHIRE INSURANCE CO.
now merged in the ROYAL INSURANCE, CO.
(ESTABLISHED 1850).
As Agents of the above First-class Offices, we are prepared to accept LIFE, ACCIDENT, and FIRE RISKS.
Terms on application to W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

MONGINI BROTHERS,
MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONERS
AND
CATERERS.
25, 27, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
CHOICEST SWEETS of all kinds freshly manufactured upon the premises. FONDANTS, ALMOND PASTE SWEETS, IMITATION FRUIT, FLOWERS and VEGETABLES, CHOCOLATE CREAMS, PRALINES, NOUGAT, ALMONDS, WALNUTS GLACES, &c., &c.
WEDDING, CHRISTENING AND BIRTHDAY CAKES.
A SPECIALITY.
BALLS, SOIREES, PICNIC PARTIES,
CATERED for at MODERATE RATES.
PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.
ALL ORDERS RECEIVE THE PROMPT and CAREFUL ATTENTION of the PROPRIETORS.

THE ITALIAN STORES,
C. COLONNELLO, SON & CO.,
105, MEDOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
STEVEDORES AND PURVEYORS TO THE NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO AND RUBATTINO, BOMBAY; AND TO THE ITALIAN ROYAL MARINE, RUSSIAN AND ARGENTINE MEN-O'WAR.
GRUYERE, PARMESAN and GORGONZOLA Cheeses.
FINEST LUCCA OIL; Pure Italian Wine Vinegar.
ASPARAGUS, (French Italian and German).
MILAN SAUSAGES in Skin (Italian).
ANCHOVIES SALTED (loose); and in oil in Bottles.
FRANKFORT SAUSAGES, Plain, and with Sauerkraute
TUNNY FISH IN OIL (French and Italian).
CAVIARE.
SARDINES. Royans Victoria. " a la Tomate. " Plain in finest Lucca oil.
BLACK OLIVES (loose) in oil.
GREEN OLIVES (French) in Bottles.
FRENCH and ITALIAN PREPARED MUSTARD assorted in Bottles.
MASTIC de CHIO 2-8 Bot. Vermouth (Italian and French) Chianti, Barbera, Capri, Lacrima Christi and Marsala. Cherry and Blackberry Brandy. Asti Spumanti and Duc de Marsat (champagne.
Maccaroni, Vermicelli, Soup Paste, Lentilles, Beans, Gram (Milanese), Rice (Carolina), Walnuts, Hazelnuts, Almonds, Italian Lemons, Malaga Raisins and Figs (Naples.)
Attention is drawn to our celebrated GRIGNOLINO CLARET as a speciality and thoroughly genuine article, only Rs. 10 per doz. Bots.

LONDON AND PARIS EXCHANGE, LIMITED.
CAPITAL £100,000.
GENERAL MINING BANKERS.
Business in all Mining Shares quoted or not quoted on the London Stock Exchange.
Advances made on Mining Shares at 6 per cent. per annum.
MINING PROPERTIES NEGOTIATED.
LONDON AND PARIS EXCHANGE, LIMITED.
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TO-DAY	MATINEE	At 4 P.M.
TO-DAY	MATINEE	At 4 P.M.
TO-DAY	MATINEE	At 4 P.M.
TO-DAY	MATINEE	At 4 P.M.
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TO-NIGHT AT 9-15 SHARP!

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HEAD OFFICE.

HATON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Bombay,	Ipoh (Perak)	Hongkong.
Calcutta,	Singapore,	Foochow.
Madras,	Kuala Lumpor	Shanghai,
Rangoon.	Bangkok,	Tientsin,
Colombo.	Batavia,	Hankow.
Penang.	Soerabaya,	Yokohama.
Tanjong Pagar,	Manila	Kobe.
Medan, Deli (Sumatra),	Cebu, (Philippines),	New York

The Corporation GRANT DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches; buy and receive for collection Bills of Exchange; issue Letters of Credits; and undertake general Banking business.

FIXED DEPOSITS

are received for TWELVE MONTHS at FOUR PER CENT per Annum. Rate for shorter periods may be ascertained on application.

JOHN STIVEN,
Agent.

Bombay Agency, Esplanade.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £500,000
RESERVE FUND £4,25,000

HEAD OFFICE:

37 THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Delhi,	Cawnpore,	Kandy.
Lahore,	Bombay,	Colombo,	Tuticorin.
Amritsar,	Madras,	Mandalay,	Zanzibar.
Kurrachee,	Rangoon,	Nowera Eliya,	Mombassa.
Steamer Point,	Aden.		

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

ROBERT R. ROSS,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD,

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... Yens 24,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... ,, 18,000,000
RESERVE FUND ..... ,, 8,910,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Tokio, Kobe, Nagasaki, London, Lyons, New York, San Francisco, Hawaii, Peking, Shanghai, Hongkong Tientsin and Newchang.

LONDON BANKERS:—THE BANK OF ENGLAND; THE LONDON AND JOINT STOCK BANK LD.; THE UNION OF LONDON AND SMITH'S BANK LD.; THE PARIS BANK LD.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSITS, on Terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities and every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN, and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

Y. MATSUO,
Manager
Albert Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANK OF CALCUTTA, LIMITED

CAPITAL.

Subscribed.....Rs. 15,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... ,, 15,00,000
Uncalled Capital ..... ,, 5,00,000

DIRECTORS.

MR. D. YULE, Messrs. Andrew Yule & Co.
,, R. J. D. THOMAS, Messrs. J. Thomas & Co.
,, N. A. McLEOD, Messrs. McLeod & Co.
,, D. KING.

CREDITS granted on approved Security and every description of banking business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and 2 per cent. per annum allowed on the daily balances.

FIXED DEPOSITS received as the following rates of Interest:—

	Per cent. Per Annum
For 3 Months.....4	
,, 6 Months.....3½	,,
,, 12 Months.....5	,,
,, 2 Years.....	5½ ,,

The Bank offers special facilities and advice to Constituents as to the purchase and sale of all Indian Securities, particularly the Shares and Debenture Stocks of Jute, Cotton, Tea, and Miscellaneous Industrial Concerns.

The Bank is prepared to guarantee the principal and interest of Debentures on its approved list on terms which may be ascertained on application. Absentee shareholders' and Investors' interests carefully watched.

Orders executed on the London Stock Exchange through London Branch.

For further information apply to—

D. KING,
Agent.

Calcutta, 3rd February, 1903.

LONDON BRANCH:
10, GRACE CHURCH STREET E.C.

INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE THE RATES AND CONDITIONS OF

THE EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD.

WITH THOSE OF ANY OTHER COMPANY.

HEAD OFFICE: 11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

THE PREMIUMS

Are so moderate that, at usual ages for assurance, Rs. 1,200 or Rs. 1,250 may be secured, from the first, for the yearly payment which would generally elsewhere assure Rs. 1,000 only—the difference of Rs. 200 or Rs. 250 being equivalent to

AN IMMEDIATE AND CERTAIN BONUS OF 20 TO 25 PER CENT.

ILLUSTRATIVE TABLE

SHOWING THE ANNUAL PREMIUM PAYABLE FOR VARIOUS KINDS OF POLICIES WITH PROFITS.

Age next Birthday.	Whole Life Assurances of Rs. 1,000. Whole Life Premiums.	Premiums Limited to 10 years.	15 years.	20 years.	Endowment Assurances of Rs. 1,000. Payable at death, or in 15 years.	20 years.	25 years.	Age next Birthday
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	
20	21 10	43 8	36 6	30 7	64 5	47 6	37 11	20
21	22 1	49 4	36 14	30 15	64 6	47 8	37 13	21
22	22 9	50 0	37 7	31 7	64 8	47 10	37 15	22
23	23 1	50 12	38 0	31 15	64 9	47 12	38 1	23
24	23 9	51 8	38 10	32 7	64 11	47 14	38 4	24
25	24 2	52 5	39 4	33 0	64 13	48 0	38 7	25
26	24 11	53 2	39 15	33 9	64 15	48 3	38 10	26
27	25 5	54 0	40 10	34 2	65 1	48 6	38 14	27
28	25 15	54 14	41 5	34 12	65 4	48 9	39 2	28
29	26 9	55 12	42 1	35 6	65 7	48 12	39 6	29
30	27 4	56 13	42 13	36 0	65 10	49 0	39 11	30
31	27 15	57 13	43 10	36 11

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON & Co., Bombay, are now supplying 230 Military Messes and 93 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES, Spirits or Liqueurs from the following well-known Houses:—

POMMERY AND GRENO.	Rheims.
WILLIAMS, HUMBERT & Co.	Jerez.
HEIDSIECK & Co.	Rheims.
CARSTAIRS & ROBERTSON.	Leith.
PERRIER JOUET & Co.	Epernay.
PAGE AND SANDEMAN.	London.
POL ROGER & Co.	Rheims.
BOLLINGER.	Ay.
GIESLER & Co.	Aviso.
JAMES HAWKER & Co.	Plymouth.
JUSTERINI & BROOKS.	London.
COCKBURN & CAMPBELL.	Edinburgh.
NATH. JOHNSTON & SONS.	Bordeaux.
J. SACCONE.	Gibraltar.
COSSART, GORDON & Co.	Madeira.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS.	Bordeaux
BUTLER, NEPHEW & Co.	Oporto.
COCKBURN SMITHES & Co.	Oporto.
VAN-ZELLERS & Co.	Oporto.
WOODHOUSE & Co.	Marsala.
LEACOCK & Co.	Madeira.
AYALA & Co.	Ay.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT.	London.
P. J. VALCKENBERG.	Worms.
C. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR.	Côte d'Or.
ACKERMANN LAURANCE.	Saumur.
ANDREW BOWAN.	Melbourne.
AUSTRALIAN WINE Co.	Melbourne.
JOS. DIETZL.	Budapesth.
R. SCHLUMBERGER.	Vöslau.
JAMES CATCHOART & Co.	Leith.
CHAS. MACKINLAY & Co.	Leith.
JOHN CRABBIE & Co.	Leith.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co.	London.
J. & W. NICHOLSON & Co.	London.
W. R. EDDISON & Co.	London.
HENRY WHITEWAY & Co.	Whimple.
RUTHERFORD & BROWNE.	London.
JOHN JAMESON & SON.	Dublin.
WILLIAM & KEITH JOPP.	Aberdeen.
SCHNLEIN & Co.	Schierstein
STEWART STEWART & Co.	London.
NOILLY PRAT & CIE.	Marseilles.
COATES & Co.	Plymouth.
MARTELL & Co.	Cognac.
P. B. BURGOYNE & Co.	London.

Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines, Spirits, or Liqueurs &c., from the above well-known Firms without the inconvenience and expense of importing them direct.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION TO

PHIPSON & Co.,
BOMBAY.

LAWSON'S
LIQUEUR
WHISKY.

Justly noted for its age, softness, Mellowness, and fine Character. Strongly recommended to all who desire a good Whisky.

Of all dealers, or of
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.
SOLE AGENTS.

NOTICE.
CHARLES DAY & CO.,
LONDON.
ARE THE SOLE EXPORT BOTTLING AGENTS FOR
JOHN JAMESON & SON'S
WHISKEY.
And on each label must be found the following Notice and Signature.

"In order that Consumers may feel assured of genuineness, we would request attention to this our Special Export Label, and to our Trade Mark and Name on corks, Capsules, and Cases, also to age mark.

John Jameson & Son" ltd.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.
BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO., having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.
CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED.
CLOSEST PRICES AS SURED.
PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO., are open for the sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.
GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted.
Correspondence Invited.
CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.
WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
66 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE.
Clarke's Blood Mixture
THE WORLD-FAMED BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER.
IS WARRANTED TO CLEAR THE BLOOD from all impurities from whatever cause arising.
For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, Blackheads, Pimples, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It Cures Old Sores.
Cures Sores on the Neck.
Cures Sore Legs.
Cures Blackhead or Pimples on the Face.
Cures Scrofula.
Cures Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Diseases Arising from Impure Blood.
Clears the Blood from all impure Matter, From whatever cause arising.
It is a real specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains.
It removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.
As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.
Color-Sergeant Instructor Jno. Howarth Cheshire Regiment, Chester, writes: "I suffered from Rheumatism in my arms and legs for over five years. I also had a bruised shin bone through which I could rest only for a few mini utes at a time. All sorts of remedies were applied, but none gave me more than a few days' relief. After a while I was recommended to try 'Clarke's Blood Mixture,' which I did, and on taking the first bottle I felt relief. I therefore continued with this excellent medicine, and it effected a perfect cure. This was more than a year ago and I am pleased to say I have not felt the least pain since—in fact, I am as good health as ever I was in my life.
"Moreover, I help two friends of mine who were laid up with Rheumatism of my case, and they tried 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' They are tailors by trade, and in seven days they were at work again. They say this medicine cannot be too highly praised.
"May 18, 1896."
"Sick Grange Prior, St. Margaret's-on-Thames writes:—"I feel that I should write you a few lines in praise of Clarke's Blood Mixture. I have been troubled for the last few years with Boils, Carbuncles and Blotches, which prevented me following my occupation, and I can safely say I have spent scores of pounds in all sorts of other medicines. Whilst while ago, however, I was advised by a friend of mine who has taken Clarke's Blood Mixture to try it. I did so, and to my great joy I am now a new man and able at the present time to go on with my business, being now quite well. In fact, I cannot give it too much praise. You are at liberty to make what use you like of this testimonial for the benefit of others who may be suffering from the same complaint.
"December 23, 1898."

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS OF WONDERFUL CURES FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in bottles at 2s. 9d. each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases—BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England
Trade Mark—"B OD MIXTURE."

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article, as there are imitations and substitutes are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled Vendors. The word "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government Stamp, and "Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture" is blown in the bottle. WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

ITALIAN
SHIRTS AND COLLARS
NOW ON SHOW.
BANKER & Co.,
HIGH CLASS GENTS' TAILORS AND LADIES' DRESS MAKERS.
38 ESPLANADE CROSS ROAD,
OPPOSITE GOCULDAS HOSPITAL,
BOMBAY.

FUTURE FROM HANDWRITING!

YOUR character, marriage partner described, business, love, health, changes and chief events accurately told. Send a specimen of your writing, signed with usual signature, and enclose twenty half-anna postage stamps and a stamped addressed envelope to

"GRAPHOLOGISTS,
Mandvi Post, Bombay."

NOTE.—Don't send it if you dislike plain speaking.

BANKS.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE—CALCUTTA.
BRANCHES:
Bombay, Karachi, Lahore, London, Madras, Rangoon and Rawal Pindi.
Sub-Branches:—Murree—(April to October) and Amritsar
Sub-Agencies:—Bangalore, Mooltan City and Lyallpore.
CAPITAL PAID-UP, Rs. 43,90,800.
RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ARE AS UNDER
STERLING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS for home remittances, 4 per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS—
3 to 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum.
2 years at 5½ " "
Special rates are given for SHORT PERIOD DEPOSITS which will be found on application.
Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received into the Bank's PRUDENTIAL FUND, bearing half-yearly compound interest at 5 per cent. per annum.
Cheques, Bills, Hoondees on Stations where the Bank has Branches and Currency Notes of any circle are collected and credited free of charge in the above Interest Deposit Accounts
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened for sums of Rs. 100 and upwards and receive 2 per cent. per annum, upon the daily balances, provided a minimum daily balance of Rs. 50 is maintained.
Apply for Rules to Head Office or Branches.
W. MOIR,
Manager.
Bombay, 11th November, 1902.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund	$ 100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 47,50,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG:
J. R. M. SMITH, Chief Manager.
London Bankers.—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, Ld.
LONDON COMMITTEE.
SIR THOS. JACKSON, Bart., Chairman.
WM. KESWICK, JAMES JOHNSTON, Esq. (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited)
CARL MEYER, Esq., Director, National Bank, Egypt).
WM. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq. (Director, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.)
JOHN WALTER, Esq.
SIR EWEN CAMERON, K.C.M.G., A. M. TOWNSEND. } Managers.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

AMOY.	HANKOW.	PEKING.
BANGKOK.	HONGKONG.	RANGOON.
BATAVIA.	ILOILO.	SAIGON.
BOMBAY.	LYONS.	SAN FRANCISCO.
CALCUTTA.	MANILA.	SINGAPORE.
COLOMBO.	NAGASAKI.	SOURABAYA.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	TIENTSIN.
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	YOKOHAMA.

BOMBAY AGENCY
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS
Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000; but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Re. 1 half-yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Are received for 12 months at 4 per cent per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.
W. ADAMS ORAM,
Acting Agent
7, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.
HEAD OFFICE:—14, Rue Bergere,
LONDON 52—Threadneedle Street, E. C.
LIVERPOOL AND MANCHESTER.
CAPITAL...Frs. 1,50,000,000, (£3,000,000.)
LONDON BANKERS:—
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France, Calcutta, Bombay, Paris, Lyons, Marseilles, New Orleans, Melbourne Sydney, Tamatave and Tananarivo.
Current Deposit Accounts are opened, and interest is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.
Interest allowed in Current Accounts at two per cent. per annum on balances above Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.
Special arrangements may be obtained on Application.
Deposit Accounts are opened for Fixed Period at rates to be ascertained on Application.
Drafts and Letters of Credit issued payable at any of the Chief Commercial Town of the World.
The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to its Letter of Credit Department in Paris at 14, Rue Bergere, Branch Office, 3, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quarter of Paris, on the Boulevards facing the Grand Opera, and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.
Writing Rooms, Reading Rooms, Telephone, all necessary arrangements for receiving and despatching Correspondence, exchanging Money, letting Safes or parts thereof, wherein to deposit valuables which they do not wish to keep in the Hotels, further, Strong Rooms for the storage of heavy luggage, etc.
Dividends, Coupons, etc., on Government Paper, and other Stocks Cashed for Customers without charge, if remitted Home through the Bank.
Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Papers Gold, Silver, etc.
E. BEY,
Manager.

A BOON TO WEAK MEN.
ON originality scientific means of Curing Nervous Debility and its Various Physical and Nervous Ailments without the use of Nauseous Stomach Medicines.
The Method is easy and sure, and a Permanent and Effective Cure is Ensured in all Cases of Weakness in Young and Old Men.
A fully Explanatory Pamphlet sent sealed free of charge —Address C. MURRAY, , Scythamptpn Row, High Holborn, London, England.

THE
ECONOMIC PHARMACY.
HEAD OFFICE.—11, Bonfield's Lane.
BRANCH.—157, Bow Bazar St., Calcutta.
HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES.
5 and 6 pice per dram.
CHOLERA BOX with 12, 24, 30 and 48 phials of medicines, a dropper, camphor and a guide Re. 2, 3, 3-10 and 5-5, respectively.
FAMILY BOX with 24, 30, 48, 60 and 104 phial, of medicines, a dropper and a guide Rs. 3, 3-8 5-3, 6-4 and 11-8, respectively.
PHARMACEUTISTS' MANUAL, i. e., Homœopathic Pharmacopia in Bengali and English, Re. 1-4, (2nd edition).
FAMILY PRACTICE in Bengali (2nd Edition thoroughly Revised and Re-written) 180 pages (cloth), As 8. A very useful book for family use
M. O. Fee and Postage extra.
ALLOPATHIC STORE.—203, Cornwallis St.
BRANCH.—10, Bonfield's Lane.
M. B. HATTACHARYYA & CO.

BANK OF BOMBAY.
SAVINGS BANK.
THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms:—
Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.
Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.
Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 2,000.
Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.
J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer

TO MARINE ENGINEERS.
SOTHERN'S MARINE ENGINEERING COLLEGE, 59 Bridge St. Glasgow.
PRINCIPAL—J. W. SOTHERN, M.I.E.S., Practical Engineer and Draughtsman.
ENGINEERS who intend competing for BOARD of TRADE CERTIFICATES can be supplied with the following, on remitting £ 1-5-0 to above address:
1 Complet. set Arithmetical Papers and Solutions.
1 " Drawing Cards with "Instructions" and "Statements."
1 Copy "Examinary Questions and Answers."
1 " Verbal Notes and Sketches."
Part of the above money will be allowed to those, who, on going home, join our classes previous to going up for Examination.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, FEBRUARY 5.

The Bombay mails of 24th ult., arrived at Brindisi to-day.

SECURITIES—		
2½ per cent. Consols	89 1/4	= unchanged
3 per cent. Rentes	100	= unchanged
3½ per cent. Indian Sterling Loan	107	= unchanged
3½ per cent. Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper	99 1/2	= unchanged
SILVER—		
Spot in London	22	= + 1/8
2 months hence	21 15/16	= + 1/8
Spot in New York	47 5/8	= + 1/4
EXCHANGES—		
Paris Cheques	25·14 1/2	= unchanged
Berlin	20·48 1/2	= — 1
New York Demand	4·87 1/8	= + 1/8
DISCOUNTS—		
Bank of England	4	per ct = unchanged
3 months sight Bank Bills	3 1/4	per ct = "
6 " " "	3 1/4	per ct = "
3 months sight Fine Trade Bills	3 3/4	per ct = "
6 months sight Fine Trade Bills	4	per ct = "
INTEREST—		
Day to day loans	3 1/4	per ct = "
7 day market loans	3 3/8	per ct = "

Extra Council Bills allotments—Bills on Madras Rs. 10,000 at s. 1 4 5 32d.
The Bank of England reserve is 49 per cent of the liabilities.

METALS.

Copper Braziers £97-0-0.
Brown 33 3-4 January-February Sellers Tone quiet.
Linseed Bold 44 1-2 Feb.-March. Sellers. Tone steady.
Cotton in New York 5 3 8.
Arrivals.—Steamers "Atergeldie," "Stolzenfels."
In Liverpool.—
Cotton Market closed steady. Surats quiet, Manchester firm. Total Sales 12,000. Spot 4·86+4 Sold on speculation and for Export 2,000. Imports 13,000. Arrivals closed firm.

Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May.	May-June.
4 27	4 27	4 78	4 79
+ 5	+ 5	+ 5	+ 5
June-July	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.
4 79	4 79	4 79	4 80
+ 5	+ 5	+ 5	+ 4
		Oct.-Nov.	
		4 80	
		+ 4	

In New York—

Receipts at the Port	28,000	bales.
Do. last year	17,000	"
Exports to Great Britain	12,000	"
" Continent	33,000	"
Mid-Uplands	9 15	+ 10
Futures, month of March	8·91	+ 7
Do. do. July	8·93	+ 7

In New Orleans—

Spot	8 15-16	+1-16
Futures month of May	9 00	+ 6
" August	8 76	+ 6
Tone at close	steady.	

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p. m., on Thursday, 5th February 1903:—

Cotton	7,283 bales.
Wheat	12,234 cwts.
Linseed	1,394 "
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	3,012 "
Gingelly seed	2,573 "
Poppyseed	150 "
Groundnuts	3,190 "
Castorseed	4,055 "
Rice	316 "
Myrabolams	1,010 "
Cottonseed	29,287 "

BOMBAY, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 6.

THERE has been little change to record in the state of our local Cotton market during the past week. Arrivals continue on a free scale, but the bulk of the receipts now coming to hand show a falling off in the qualities, and consist of low grades. The inquiry for the better classes of Oomras and M. G. Bengals for shipment to Europe and Japan still exists, and there is a fair daily turnover at Colabs. The prices of higher classes are almost unchanged, but dealers are showing some anxiety to get rid of the lower grades, stocks of which are accumulating, while the demand is limited to the requirements of the local mills, and these are comparatively sparing buyers at present. The Broach cotton coming to market shows a good deal of stain, and it appears that Fine class is going to be scarce this season. Advices from Liverpool and America show slight fluctuations during the past week. Some decline in price was reported in the first few days of the month, but a steadier tone has lately been reported, and a recovery to above last week's closing rates has since taken place. It is stated that the higher classes of American are also scarce this season, but receipts are again increasing, and advices have been received in Bombay that Messrs. Neil Bros. maintain their estimate of 11 1-2 million bales as the final outturn of this year's crop. On the other hand telegrams have also been received from other authorities pointing to a further advance in America as being probable. Manchester advices also continue firm, and an improvement in trade is anticipated there and on the continent.

The Seeds markets have been very dull during the week under review, and a fairly heavy decline has taken place locally in some descriptions in the absence of demand and in sympathy with advices received from Europe. In Linseed the price has been reduced to Rs. 7-10 with little doing. Arrivals of the new crop are in sight, and there is very little enquiry from home. Rapeseed is also quiet. There is not much offering, but there is little demand. The new crop is quite neglected. In Poppyseed business is reported at Rs. 7-14 to Rs. 7-15. Stocks are small, but there is little enquiry from Europe. Castorseed is quiet at Rs. 22-4 to Rs. 23-8 with little doing in ready and nothing reported in forward. The Groundnuts market is steady with a small business passing at Rs. 36. Gingelly is dull and prices have further given way about Re. 1 per candy. Arrivals continue heavy and the demand has fallen off. Maize is quiet at Rs. 13-12 per White and Rs. 13-20 per Yellow, with small business passing. Cottonseed is firm at Rs 16-10 to Rs 16-12 with the completion of January shipments.

Following the dulness experienced in the Seeds market there was little doing in freight in the early part of the week. But during the past few days rates have again firmed up, and a considerable business is reported at 15s 6d picked ports for February-March shipment and 16s 6d has been paid for Humburg. There is a strong enquiry for steamers for the Rice Ports, and it is stated that some steamers which were expected to come to Bombay from the Cape have been fixed away for La Plata. Owners are still very firm in their ideas for forward shipment, and sellers locally are not kin to sell for April-May loading, at rates now offered by buyers in Bombay.

The mail of the 23rd January brings £150,000 silver and £40,000 gold, and the following Council Bills:—

Calcutta	Rs.	29,20,000
Bombay	"	27,30,000
Madras	"	7,30,000
	Rs.	64,20,000

The mail of the 30th January brings £140,000 silver and £60,000 gold and the following Council Bills:—

Calcutta	Rs.	2,20,000
Bombay	"	20,30,000
Madras	"	1,40,000
	Rs.	24,90,000

The mail of the 6th February brings £20,000 silver and £40,000 gold, and the following Council Bills:—

Calcutta	Rs.	30,30,000
Bombay	"	3,60,000
Madras	"	46,20,000
	Rs.	80,10,000

Previous to Wednesday's allotment of Council Bills extra Telegraphic Transfers to the extent of Rs. 9,80,000 were made on Bombay at 1s 4 1-8d. At the weekly allotment tenders for Bills at 1s. 4 1-8d. received 7 per cent, and a small amount of Telegraphic Transfers, Rs. 2,20,000, at 1s. 4 1-8d., ten cents at the rate receiving 10 per cent. For next week the amount to be allotted has been raised to 85 lakhs. The mail which came in this morning has brought 64·20 lakhs of Council Bills, as noted in our weekly figures given above. But the amount due by next week's mail is 24·90 lakhs only, the balance of that allotment having been taken up in Telegraphic Transfers, and the mail after that brings a very small lot for Bombay. It remains to be seen what effect this small supply will have on the Money market during the coming fortnight.

The Paper Currency, as published in the last issue of the "Government of India Gazette," shows that the Gold Reserve was 1,061 lakhs and the Silver Reserve 1,210 lakhs, while the total notes issued amounted to 3,268 lakhs. These were the figures on the 22nd January, but a considerable amount of gold coin has since been tendered to this department.

The following changes appear in the Bank of Bombay statement, dated 31st January compared with the previous week:—

LIABILITIES.

Public Deposits	Rs. 4,744	Decrease
Other Deposits	3,50,304	Decrease
Credits Undrawn	5,43,515	Increase
ASSETS.		
Government Securities	26,769	Decrease
Other Authorized Securities	unchanged	
Credits on Securities	5,89,614	Increase
Loans do	1,47,047	Increase
Bills discounted & purchased	2,27,688	Decrease
Balance with other Banks	27,085	Increase
Cash	24,71,078	Decrease

These figures show an increase of 34·67 lakhs in the trade demand. The Bank of Bengal statement, dated the 3rd instant, shows the following changes compared with the previous week:—

Public Demand	44	lakhs Increase
Cash Head Office	21 1-2	" Decrease
Do. Branches	7 3-4	" Increase
Government Deposits	9 1-2	" Increase
Bank's Investments	12 1-2	" Decrease

The Bank of Madras weekly statement shows an increase of 3 lakhs in the cash balance. The money market throughout the week has been firm. No change was made in the official Bank Rate in Bombay or Calcutta, but on the 2nd instant the Bank of Madras rate was raised to 7 per cent., per annum, bringing it on a level with that of the other Presidency Banks. The quotation for short fixed deposits for two months is 5 1-2 to 6 per cent per annum. In Calcutta the Banks were closed on Monday and Tuesday for local holidays, but since they reopened remittances from this side have been made to some extent. The strong demand for Burmah rupees is still exists, and while there is no actual stringency in Bombay, there is an active demand for money. The China mail which arrived on Monday last brought Rs. 42 lakhs in sovereigns from Australia to Bombay, transhipped at Colombo, and a considerable amount was also sent to the other side of India. The latest advices report a shipment of £650,000 for Ceylon and India from Melbourne. The Sterling Exchange market is firm in sympathy with the demand for money. Quotations for Bank paper and also for mercantile Bills have advanced one-thirty-second since last mail left. The enquiry for Bank paper is slack, notwithstanding the higher rates now available, and we hear of little doing. The current rates, viz. 1s. 4 3-32d. for Bank Telegraphic Transfers and 1s. 4 1-8d. for Bank Demand are available for two or three mails ahead. For far forward delivery quotations are practically unchanged. In mercantile paper three months' sight D. A. was quoted 1s. 4 9-32d. for February, until yesterday morning, when the rate went off and 1s. 4 5-16d. is the closing quotation. For forward delivery we quote 1s. 4 9-32d. March, 1s. 4 1-4d. April, and 1s. 4 7-32d. May, but some concessions can probably be obtained in the dates of delivery. It is reported that private wire was placed at 1s. 4 1-8d. for ready, and private demand at 1s. 4 5-32d. for the outgoing mail, during the week. The tone of the market at the close is firm, and though the amount of bills forthcoming at the closing rates is small, a fair quantity was placed earlier in the week when 1s. 4 9-32d. was available. Eastern rates have varied slightly since last mail following the silver quotations.

The 3 1-2 per cent Rupee Paper market has firmed up since our last report. The settlement day was on Monday, and the surplus which remained to be financed was settled, partly by outright purchases by the Banks, and also by loans taken by the holders of paper, for various dates, and partly by bodlies. At the close on Monday the quotation had risen to Re. 97-6 for cash and Rs. 97-9 for the 2nd March delivery, and the market has since remained at or about those rates. Higher quotations have been reported from London, during the past week, and the under tone of firmness to which we referred in our last mail report still exists. It remains to be seen if the present active demand for money for trade purposes will cause a temporary decline in the price of Rupee Paper. But in any case, unless some utterly unforeseen circumstances arise, there is every probability of higher rates ruling in the near future.

	Repayable	Rate.
4 per cent Bombay Port Trust	1923	101
4 per cent " "	1930	101 1-2
4 per cent " "	1932	101 3-4
4 per cent Bombay Municipal	1923	99
4 per cent " "	1940	103 1-4
4 per cent " " Taxes	1914	102 1-2
5 per cent " " Sanitary	113	
4 per cent Bo. Improvement Trust	1959	100 1-2
4 per cent " "	1962	102

Prices of Bullion:—

English Bar Silver, ex duty, ready	Rs.	56-9-0
Do. do 1st Settlement	Rs.	56-3-0
Do. do 2nd do.	Rs.	55-15-0
English Bar Gold, ready		24-0-3.

The off-take of Silver continues good, and a moderate business has been passing during the week. The advices from America with regard to the silver question have given some life to the market. The demand for Gold is also good and the bazaar has bought a fair amount from the banks.

The Piece-Goods market has been rather dull this week. There is some enquiry for low White Mulls and Nainsooks, but no sales of any importance have been made. For Greys there is less enquiry than there was last week and very few packages have changed hands. Prices all round are the same, and no indent business is reported to have been done. The Manchester market, on the other hand, continues to be firm, with a tendency to rise, and dealers here are unable to operate for forward deliveries.

The firmness in the local Yarn market referred to last mail continues. A large business amounting to some 15,000 to 20,000 bales is reported to have been put through at advancing rates, and the market closes firm.

In the Metal markets there is not much fresh business reported since last mail left. Copper and Yellow Metal are firm in sympathy with advances at home, but no new business with the houses is passing. Although Reuter's last quotation for Copper is £67 some resales among dealers have been made at more than £2 below this price and of Yellow Metal also on the same level. Spelter is steady, but we hear of little doing. The Iron market is very quiet, and there are only few enquiries for near shipments which can come out before the rains. Quicksilver is also quiet.

The Coal market is quiet. A large line of Deshargarh, Bengal, is reported at Rs. 12-2 and small lots at Rs. 12-4. English Coal a sale of Powell's Duffryn, February-March shipment, is reported at Rs. 16-12.

The Share market is steady and unchanged during the week. Bank of Bombay shares have changed hands at Rs 1,243-8. Commercials are steady at Rs. 60. In Press shares Harvey and Sabapathy have improved to Rs. 585 and Hinzelies to Rs. 162-8. New Mofussils are steady at Rs. 462-8. New Berars have changed hands at Rs. 580. New Indians are steady at Rs. 165. In miscellaneous list Bombay-Burmahs have changed hands at Rs. 6,525, cum dividend, and quarter shares at Rs. 1,660, cum dividend. Kamps and Treachers are unchanged at Rs. 242 and Rs. 595, respectively. Port Canninge have been reported to have changed hands at Rs. 420. Bombay Telephones are steady at Rs. 22-8. Oriental G. S. Life Assurance Company shares are quiet at Rs. 135. In mill shares Centrals are quiet at Rs. 1,600 Swadeshis at Rs. 690. Bombay Cotton Mill shares have changed hands at Rs. 400. Colaba Land and Mill shares are unchanged at Rs. 400. In Messrs. Greaves Cotton and Co. mill shares Empress have changed hands at Rs. 135 and Connaughts at Rs. 335. Howrah and Baliughe are steady at Rs. 335 and James Greaves at Rs. 190. Leopolds are unchanged at Rs. 100. Francjee Petit Mill shares have improved to Rs. 4,500. Hindoostan to Rs. 330, and Indian Manufacturing to Rs. 325. Western India are quiet at Rs. 230. Jamshed Mill shares have improved to Rs. 85. Southern Mahrattas have changed hands at Rs. 130. Morarjees are quiet at Rs. 1,585. Solapurs are steady at Rs. 1,715. Manekjee Petits are ruling at and about Rs. 1,770. Standard Mill shares are unchanged and quiet at Rs. 305. Kohinoors have improved to Rs. 292-8. In railway companies Taptis have changed hands at Rs. 430 to Rs. 431. 4 and Ahmedabad Prantej at Rs. 550.

EXCHANGE—Tone firm.			
Bank T. T.			1s. 4 3-32d.
Bank Demand			1s 4 1-8d.
Credit Bills 3 Months Sight	D. A.		1s. 4 5-16d
Do	6 do	do	1s. 4 7-16d
French Francs	3 do	do	170 3-4
Marks	3 do	do	139
Hongkong	30 Days'	Sight.	115
Shanghai	30 do	do	158 1-2
Japan	30 do	do	150
GOVERNMENT PAPER—3 1-2 per cent—Tone steady.			
Cash		Rs.	97 6
1st Settlement		Rs.	97 10
Money Market—Tone firm.			
BANK RATES—			
Bank of England since 2nd October			4 per cent.
Bank of Bombay do. 29th January			7 do,
Bank of Bengal do. 29th do.			7 do.
Bank of Madras do. 2nd February			7 do.
SEEDS.			
Linseed.—Tone steady.		Rs. a.	Rs.
Ready		7 10	
Forward April-May		7 10	to 7 11
Rapeseed.—Tone steady.			
Brown Cawnpore Ready		5 10	
Yellow Cawnpore Ready		5 15	
Do. Gujarat Forward, April-May		6 8	
Poppyseed.—Tone steady.			
Ready		7 14	
Forward April-May		7 10	
Castorseed—Tone steady			
Ready		23 12	
Forward April-May.		24 4	
Groundnuts—Tone steady.			
Ready		36 0	to 15 8
Gingellyseed,—Tone steady.			
15 per cent. Mxd. Ready		35 4	
25 " "		34 4	
50 " "		33 4	
Black Kuinee " "		32 0	

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone	firm.
Estimated sales	12,000
Total imports	7,000

Feb.-March	March-April.	April-May	May-June.
4.79	4·79	4·80	4·81
+2	+2	+2	+2
June-July	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.
4·81	4·81	4·72	4·53
+2	+2	+2	+2
		Oct.-Nov.	
		4·42	
		+2	

COTTON.—Tone steady.
Official quotations of the Bombay Cotton Trade Association Limited:—

Growths.	Fine	F-G Good.	Delivery
Bengals, H G (Ry terms)	185	155	25 Feb
Bengals, M G (Ry terms)	171	163	do
Sind-Punjab (M G)	171	162	do
Beist, M G	175		do
Berars, (M G)	169	161	do
Damanganum Poolgaum M.G.	187	181	do
Nagpur Kamptee do	182	182	do
Akola (M. G.) do	184	177	do
Khamgaum do			
Karanja do			
Oomra good staple	192	184	do
Broach M. G.	213	207	do
Do do	212		200 25 Mar.
Bhownagar M G	194	184	25 Apr.
Do H. G.			179 25 May
S.-G. Dharwar			204 do.
Westerns			191 do

COTTON STATISTICS. (Bales.)

Receipts for the week	87 046
Receipts from 1st Oct. to 4th Feb.	8,19,178
Shipments for the week, to Europe	28,439
Do. China, Japan, and Coast Ports	29,563
Total	58,002
Shipments from 1st October to 4th February.	
Europe	2,35,903
Japan	64,313
China	7,500
Coast Ports	3,969
Total	3,61,690
Afloat in Harbour for Europe	35,048
China, Japan and Coast Ports	10,968

Wek's Receipts of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds:

Cotton	76,80	Bales.
Wheat	63,087	cwts.
Linseed	8,773	16 "
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	16,	"
Gingellyseed	226,320	"
Poppyseed	4 031	"
Groundnuts	11,001	"
Castorseed	39,573	"
Rice	50,327	"
Myrabollams	20,655	"
Cottonseed	179,400	"

PRICE OF BULLION.

English Bar Gold	21-1-0
China Leaf	23-11 Nom
Pekin Bar Gold Oil	23-11 "
Do New	23-13 "
Australian Bar Gold 100 touch	2-14-6
Bombay	24
English Sovereigns	15-2-0
Do.

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THE *Bombay Gazette* are bringing out a small neatly bound STERLING EXCHANGE TABLE, covering all RATES in 32nds, both Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling, from 1s. 3 1-64d. to 1-4 33-32. The Book will, it is thought, supply a long felt want, as since the stoppage of the free coinage of silver rates have varied well within those given both for demand and six month's Currency Bills, and the extensive and expensive tables in general use are now no longer required. The form adopted will also greatly facilitate the conversion of broken amounts.

To subscribers the cost will be Rs. 1-8 per copy To non-subscribers Rs. 2

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(2ND EDITION,
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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Melbourne, 2,431 tons, Captain J. Rees sailed yesterday for Hull, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Beatrice, 3,129 tons, Captain J R Randell, sailed yesterday for London, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Sheaves, 2,021 tons, Captain J Gosling sailed yesterday for Trieste and Venice, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Shahnoor, 2,198 tons, Captain F J Raffin sailed yesterday for Jeddah, with 475 pilgrims as passenger.

THE P and O S N Co steamer Mazagon, 3,239 tons, Captain G P Filippi, sailed yesterday for Yokohama, &c, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Afghan I, 33 tons, Captain W S Deater, arrived in harbour yesterday from Jeddah, 21st January, in ballast.

THE steamer Tenby, 2,559 tons, Captain J H Pearson arrived in harbour on Thursday evening from Barry, 2nd January, with a cargo of coal and general.

THE steamer Kaisow, 491 tons, Captain R J Rickford, R N R sailed yesterday for Karachi, with a general cargo and Captain and Mrs Hickes and infant, Mr M Abraham and 100 deck passengers.

THE steamer Vulcan 2 (Olsen), Captain J M Carter, will sail to-day for Liverpool, with a general Cargo and the following passengers:—Mrs W G F Mulligan, and 2 children Mr Mrs and Miss Davies.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Nerbudda, 1,969 tons, Captain H McMurrand, sailed yesterday for Zanzibar, &c, with a general cargo and the following passenger:—Mr Reoring Malcolm, Mr and Mrs Jamaldin, Mr Ismailbhoy, and 70 deck.

MEN-OF-WAR AND ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

IN GOVT. DOCKYARD.

R I M S Elphinstone...Lt Comdr Rowsell.....Indian Marine
H M S Assaye.....Lt Comdr Lambert.....Torpedo Catcher
Richard Grech.....178.....Government
H M S Lapwing.....Lt Comdr Armstrong.....Royal Navy
H M S Lind (rest.....Lt Comm'g G Quayle.....Royal Navy
Ceylon.....Capt A Channer.....R N Ceylon Govt
H M S Magdala.....Capt G H Hewett, R N.....LS Steamer Turret ship

IN THE STREAM.

H M S Highflyer...5600 Capt A H Christian.....Flagship
Iconaserin.....Receiving Hulk
H M S Abyssinia.....Turret-ship
Torpedo Boat No 100...Lt Comdr J C Hughes, R N.....
Do No 105...Lt Comdr J C Powles, R N.....
Do No 108.....

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—FEB. 6.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination	Date.	Agent.
Mandovy	402	Hargo	Port Gustova		
Massilia	2774	Cockman	P & O Co		
Parramatta	2684	Fox	P & O Co		
Carthage	2,95	Jephson	P & O Co		
Gawdore	1920	Gow	W A & G Co		
Unita	3431	Watkeys	M M & Co		
Hanoe	3614	Corran	Transport		
Alnelin	2646	Curtis	R S & Co		
Deir	630	Haraldson	Bombay Co		
Devera		J Smith	Transport		
Helpist	1902	Bullock	I M & Co		
Woonlington	1913	Diver	Mentocher		
H Bidelow	629	Fowles	B & P S N Co		
Ava	3326	Robertson	M M & Co		
Nerbudda	1861	Fry	M M & Co		
	920	McDiarmid	M M & Co		
Ophir	2505	Milnor	K Nixon & Co		
H Bidelow	4,83	Finlay	M M & Co		
Khandalla	1398	Hurst	M M & Co		
Kola	427	Rickford	M M & Co		
Ava	2478	Fowler	Standard & Co		
Rosaura	1476	Bomber	M M & Co		
Cathcolin	2669	Gordon	P & O Co		
Tanjore	640	Pearson	Cory Bros		
Eighth		Torque	Transport		

VESSELS IN DOCKS.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination	Date.	Agent.
B	Schwarzenfels	5516	Sandstede	Hamburg		Glade & C
D&E	Melbourne	2485	Rose	Hull	6-7	F M & Co
F	Oro	3146	Coleman	Dunkirk	7	Morrison & Co
G	Ahmadi	1641	Hanson	R S Ports	14-2	B & P S N Co
H & J	Xenia	2031	Gosling	Trieste	5-2	Hall Bros
K H	Reunion	1279	Carr	Mauritius	7-2	H G M Ajam
Alongside						
	Palitana	1934	Le Marchand			Transport
M	Sitara	2246	Goss			Transport
N	Surada	3382	Nielson			Transport
O	Secunder	1955	Brebner	Mauritius		2 H S Sidick
P	H Lerche	1857	Dahlerup	Odessa	7-2	F Shaw & Co
Q	Siam	2488	Glaren	Bushire	14-2	J M & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Perad	842	Mahmed. Bhownagar	7-2 Steel & Co
Indravati	518	Mahmod. Karachi	7-2 Do

VICTORIA DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination	Date.	Agent.
1	Assyria	4054	Bright	Marseilles	14-2	W & A G & Co
2	Yuensang	2674	Palmer	China	11-2	P & O Co
3	R Rubattino	3744	Saporiti	Genoa	14-2	Crespo F
4	Sicilia	2284	Mezo	China	17-1	P B S N Co
5	Beatrice	2	Randall	London	7-2	W & A G & Co
7	Volcan	2317	Olsen	Liverpool	7-2	W & A G & Co
9	Hydrabad	6 5	Lenan	Antwerp	10-1	J M & Co
12&13	Oriental	3045	Tillard	London	7-2	P & O Co
15	Wharfedale	1638	Gray	Cochin	10-1	M M & Co

MERRWEATHER DRY DOCK.

Bullmouth 2307 Stratton.....W & A G & Co

ARRIVALS.

Feb.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
5	Tenby	Pearson	Barry, Jan 2
6	Calcutta	Gordon	London, Jan 16
	Afghan	Dexter	Jeddah, Jan 28
	Indian	Pecque	Southampton, Jan 15
	London	Wright	Southampton via South Africa

DEPARTURES.

Feb.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
6	Kenya (Transport)	Dowell	England via Aden
	Clive	Binford	Karachi
	Shahnoor	Raffin	Jeddah
	Nerbudda	Drummond	Zanzibar, &c
	Beatrice	Randall	London
	Mazagon	Philipps	Yokohama, &c
	Xenia	Shoeng	Trieste, &c
	McEbourne	Ross	Hull
	Vinodbora	Cabel	Trieste via Karachi

The steamer Vulcan, Captain Carter, [obtained her port clearance yesterday for Liverpool.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—
Steamer R Rubattino, for Genoa, &c,
" Dolt, for Penang,
" Khandalla, for Persian Gulf.

DAILY EXPORTS,—FEBRUARY 6.

FOR LONDON.
Beatrice s—70 bales hemp, E Comorsey;

FOR HULL
Siam s—4000 cwt linseed, Kaderbhoy; 102 bales hemp Kiddle Reeve and Co; 750 cwt Cotton seed Hari Canjee, 16,000 cwt cottonseed Gaddum and Co; 8, 0 cwt cotton seed; Tata and Co, 4,000 cwt cotton seed, Volkart Bro 6,400 cwt cotton seed, Hall Bros 4,000 cwt cotton seed, N Khaira and Co; 944 cwt cotton seed, R J Rutnagur,

FOR ANTWERP.
Hydaspes s—137 bales cotton Hall Bros; 74 bales hemp, Kiddle Reeve and Co; 201 cwt my rabs cleans, W Kipp, 239 bales cotton and 2,000 cwt gingellyseed Volkart Bros; 18,0 cwt rapeseed H Canji; 100 bales cotton, Forbes Forbes and Co; 246 bales cotton N Khaira and Co;

FOR HAMBURG.
Schwarzenfels s—1,000 cwt castorseed, 2,310 cwt rapeseed and 1,400 bales cotton, Halli Bros; 440 bales cotton, glade and Co; 165 bales cotton A Blaschech and Co; 75 cwt oilcake num M J Jeejeebhoy and Co.

FOR BREMEN.
Schwarzenfels and s—110 bales cotton Ritcher Stwart Co. 1,000 cwt beliseed Halli Bros.

FOR DUNKIRK.
Oro s—1,000 cwt linseed, 1,282 cwt cottonseed, [and 11,000 cwt gingellyseed Forbes, Forbes and Co;

FOR GENOA.
Bullmouth s—500 bales cotton, Glazebrook Tejpal and Co; 2,000 cwt castor seed, Killick Nixon and Co; 6,000 cwt mahi, N Khaira and Co;
R Rubattino s—1,060 cwt gingellyseed and 1,000 cwt castorseed Italian Colonial Trading Co, 200 bales cotton E spinner and Co; 800 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 100 bales cotton, Forbes, Forbes and Co, 3468 cwt teaseed, Halli Bros;

FOR LIGHERN.
R Rubattino 2,000 cwt mowra, J A Bogle and Co; 700 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 110 bales cotton Volkart Brothers;

FOR NAPLES.
R Rubattino s—3,000 cwt castorseed Halli Brothers; 700 bales cotton, 1591 cwt castorseed A Blaschech and Co; 5 cwt castorseed Italian Colonial Trading Co;

FOR BARCELONA.
R Rubattino s—150 bales cotton E Spinner and Co; 980 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers; 180 bales cotton Forbes Forbes and Co;

FOR ODESSA.
Hermann Lerche s—850 bales cotton, Halli Brothers; 40 cwt myroballances, Waghjee Bechor.

DIVINE SERVICE.

SEPTUAGESIMA SUNDAY, 8TH FEBRUARY.

ST. THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.
7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion—Choral—Tours in F.
Hymns—81, 211, 260 and 191.
6 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—83, 2 7 and 342.
Canticles—Simper in E.
Collections for S. S. J. E.
Daily Matins at 6.15 a.m., and Evensong at 5 p.m.
Daily Holy Communion at 7.45 a.m.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST, COLABA.
(Afghan Memorial Church.)
11 a.m.—Parade Service.
8 a.m.—Great Celebration of the Holy Communion
Hymns—317, 318 and 172.
6 p.m.—Evensong, Choral and Sermon.
Hymns—188, 251 and 237.
Offertories during the day for Organ and Choir Funds.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.
(Church of Scotland.)
11 a.m.—Joint Service.
Pa Ps Tune 164.
Hymns—133, 241 and 192.
4.30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Service.
Psalm—63 tune 147.
Hymns—176, 175 and 166.
Anthem—Like as the heart.
Collections for Church Expenses.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH.
7-3 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion with Hymns.
5 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon with Hymns.

ST. NICHOLAS' SEAMEN'S CHURCH.
Opposite the Main Gate of Prince's Dock.
10-30 a.m.—Matins.
6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Preacher Rev B Wright, H M S Highflyer.
DAILY.
7-30 a.m.—Matins.
7-15 p.m.—Evensong.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.
8 a.m.—Litany and Holy Communion.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer, and Sermon by Rev A H Bowman.

THE UNITED FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.
(Wandby Road.
11 a.m.—Joint Service (St. Andrew's Church.)
3-30 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Class.
6 p.m.—Evening Service Rev. Alex S. Crichton.
Hymns—127, 814, 743 and 2 9.
Psalm—84 verses 1, 2, 10-12.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.
6 a.m.—Holy Eucharist.
7 a.m.—Holy Eucharist (Choral). Preacher Rev Pr Tovey.
10 a.m.—Children's Service.
10-45 a.m.—Matins.
6 p.m.—Evensong (Choral). Preacher Rev Fr Lasgmore.
Alms or the Poor.

ALL SAINTS, MALABAR HILL.
7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.
7-30 a.m.—Matins.
Hymns—82, 189, 553, and 172.
4-45 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—19, 332 and 191.

ECONOMY

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

☞ All communications intended for publication in our columns should be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1903.

A MILLIONAIRE.

JOHN PIERPONT MORGAN, the financial magnate, the railroad genius, the combiner of steamship companies, seven-fold banker, head of telegraph and cable and insurance companies, the motive power of the Steel Corporation, and many other things besides, is the subject of an interesting article by Mr. Samuel E. Moffett in the current "Pall Mall Magazine." The many sides of Mr. Morgan's character are revealed in the immense number of interests which occupy his mind and his millions. His energies seem as far from exhaustion at sixty-five as they did when he started in his career as a railroad reorganiser. His constructive genius got to work early, in spite of the fact that he was born to wealth and was not spurred by necessity to exert his talents to make a living. Mr. Morgan was the son of a millionaire, and went in for a German University course at Gottingen. Whether this education was at the root of his scientific building up of good business methods it would be hard to say. He inherited with his father's riches extensive banking connections which must have helped him on the path of wealth. His predilection for writing poetry in his early years only proves that a financier can be young as well as any other man. His first essay in business under his father's wing does not seem to have been a brilliant success, it was probably not in a direction he cared for; the poet of a guinea-pig is not an inspiring one for an energetic young man. But he took his own line, and set about railroad consolidation. His position in Wall Street was assured from that time, for he had got the better of Jay Gould. He soon proved that there were better ways of running the American railway system than management by wreckers, such as Fisk and Gould, who "would gain temporary control of a prosperous company by methods often coming within the scope of the criminal law, strip off its flesh, and fling the picked bones by the roadside." J. Pierpont Morgan, on the contrary, nursed a weak line and brought it prosperity. He "eliminated waste, stopped rate wars, and substituted combination for competition." When in the firm of Drexel, Morgan and Co. he formed a syndicate which performed the difficult financial operation of changing the bulk of the United States national debt from a 6 to a 4 per cent. basis. The risk was great in 1876, but Morgan engineered the arrangement, and repeated it twenty years later at a critical moment. Each time he won. As Mr. Moffett writes, "he takes chances, but he always wins. He is public spirited, but his public spirit pays." The result of his railroad reorganisations is that his interests control 55,555 miles of American railroad, to balance which total in Europe, we must add German, British, and Irish lines together. It makes one's brain reel to rend the figures in dollars represented by this length of railway. And his influence is felt in most of the railroad systems of America. Small wonder that a report gained credence last year that Mr. Morgan intended to buy up an important railway line in England, a curious but characteristic method of conquering British markets.

We find him now giving his powerful assistance to a prospecting party in Abyssinia, whose fertile lands will well repay Mr. Morgan's encouraging attention. Steel, coal, ships, Cleveland bonds, are mere items in the list of the Morgan operations, though they bulk large on the financial horizon of the world. We can hardly grasp the fact that the capital of one Morgan company alone, that of the United States Steel Corporation, is equal to twice the cost of the Boer war, and its profits this year would pay all the annual expenses of the British Navy. J. Pierpont Morgan is financially equal to any of the great powers of Europe. When fleeced by the tax-gatherer, this shorn lamb must be consoled by the proud knowledge that his taxes entirely maintain the executive departments of the State of New Jersey. Company promoting is too often a term of reproach in this world, but Mr. Morgan makes an unqualified success of it. He does it on such a scale that the Steel Corporation Syndicate made fifty-six million dollars on that investment, J. P. Morgan and Company having eleven millions for their share. His name is a talisman in the share market, he need not advance money, others do that, and do it gladly where he lends his name—and brain—for they are sure of results. His followers know that "when he is in a deal, he never comes out on the under side." It is pleasant to read that he plays for the game, only incidentally for the stakes. He does not love money for its own sake, he says himself, but he enjoys the fun, the excitement, and the battle of making it. There is where the secret of his success probably lies. Enthusiasm accompanies his audacity, and both are governed by the brain of a genius. "Morgan is not a man; he is an institution. He is a national balance-wheel," writes Mr. Moffett. And yet he cherishes a hope that some day he can retire from the finance world, and enjoy the art-collections he has amassed at home and abroad. He can ill be spared, for in every financial crisis the call is for Morgan! Bears and Bulls being equally kept in check by him. He can reconcile the opposing claims of masters and men in strikes, he can supply gold to a depleted Treasury.

And yet this syndicate-former and railroad-consolidator is a man, with all the tastes and inclinations of a human being who enjoys the good things of a very pleasant life. He loves dogs, collies especially, collects rare books and works of art. He deals in these, as he does in business matters; if a collection is good, he does not select, but buys the lot, and in this way possesses a valuable mass of rare things, though the slower connoisseur collectors have better individual specimens. He may be occasionally imposed upon and spend a hundred and fifty thousand dollars on a spurious Gainsborough and may sometimes pay more than even a good thing is worth. But it would be strange if with such resources at command Mr. Morgan's art gallery in New York were not the finest in America, and his mansions there and in Europe were not filled with rare and precious specimens. He delights in giving art treasures where they will be appreciated, and many museums in both worlds have been enriched by his generous offerings. General Cesnola, the curator of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, was called up by telephone to receive an offer of an assortment of Greek jewels for his museum from J. Pierpont Morgan. They were worth two hundred thousand dollars. He bought up quietly for the same Museum the Garland Collection of Ceramics. The total of the sums given by him in charity to institutions or to found new hospitals amounts to five million dollars. A million to the Harvard Medical School, half a million to a Cathedral, a quarter million here and there, and seldom less than a donation running into five figures to any charity needing assistance, soon dispose of a good surplus. He must have some romance in his character for he takes an interest in the education of the Filipinos. He reads novels on his way to church, and then carries round the offertory box, for his energies never sleep. He had a hundred clergyman guests at the San Francisco Episcopal Convention in 1901 and took them across America in a special train. His New Year's gift to his banking establishment was a full year's salary to every one, from office boy to head. Though marvellously accessible, for a busy man and a millionaire, he is as ruthless as Kitchener in dealing with incompetent people and bores. We are told of a reporter who was also an art amateur and a friend of his, being told off to interview him on financial matters during a Wall Street crisis. Mr. Morgan's amusement expressed itself in a roar of laughter, "Why," said he, "your city editor must be a fool to expect me to talk to you on business. I'd as soon talk business with one of my collies. If you want to discuss books and art, I'll be glad to talk with you all day; but tell your city editor that if he wants to get anything out of me about business he'll have to send a man that understands it." It is a sign of the times that the millionaire of to-day is as ready to spend as he is to make his money. In old days the making and the spending qualities were seldom possessed or, at all events, exercised by the same individual. Too often the heir was a spendthrift pure and simple. Now the Carnegies, Morgans, Phipps, and many others confer immense benefits on their fellow-men, their huge accumulation of riches enabling them to do at a stroke good that the laborious exertions of many others take years to accomplish. Who can tell whether the charity of the later years of the multi-millionaire balances the injury done to individuals by the monopolies that must have inevitably marked his rise.

AUTOCRACY AND MONOPOLY.

IN theory the Government of Russia should be an ideal arrangement. The possibilities for good lying open to a benevolent autocrat appear boundless, but in practice the Tsar of all the Russias is almost powerless to improve the condition of his subjects. A despotism that might be benevolent becomes an oppression, and the ruler who may be personally anxious to play Providence to his people goes daily in fear of destruction at the hands of a maddened subject. The evils of misdirected principle are visible throughout the Russian system. In M. Witte the Tsar has a brilliant Finance Minister, who also has benevolent ideas which are unhappily disordered in the application. M. Witte believes that it is the duty of the State to direct industry and commerce, and so far as that faith is applied to Russia's commercial dealings abroad it is aiding her tremendously to capture markets she desires. But M. Witte is a financier, not an economist. His measures are directed solely in order to swell his annual budgets and so it comes about that M. Witte at home is applying the principle of State control of industry in a way that must give Marxian economists the megrims for it verifies one of the strongest arguments regarding the danger attending State Socialism. M. Witte's idea of State control is monopoly pure and simple; the monopoly that the great commercial Trusts aim to secure, and like that of the Trusts his idea of monopoly is entirely soulless. It is a State monopoly designed not for the benefit of the people but for the advantage of the Treasury. It implies high prices, an increased revenue, and a great growth of unsympathetic officialdom. Having made the sale of vodka a State business M. Witte now proposes to convert the State spirit shops into general grocery stores, which will be followed by the establishment of a monopoly of the sale of drugs and chemicals. Municipal Socialism has been greatly developed in Russia and in practice has been an excellent thing for the masses. But the great Minister of Finance believes that the power of the municipalities is inconsistent with an autocracy, and so he proposes ultimately to centralise in State Departments the services now performed by the local governments. The result will be of no more benefit for the communities than if a Trust acquired the communal enterprises. In pursuance of his centralisation schemes M. Witte has already expropriated most of the local revenues, reducing many towns to the verge of bankruptcy. In consequence, declares Mr. R. E. O. Long in the "Fortnightly," many villages closed their schools, productive outlay on education, medicine, and sanitation was stayed, and a paralysis of civic initiative set in which threatens to undo most of the good work done during the last forty years. M. Witte's policy is described as a system of economy based on the principle of concentrating the whole wealth of the country in a single hand, that of the Finance Minister. In the process the small trader is being crushed as effectively as by the operations of a huge Trust, but though the State is taking the place of the individual the community appears to suffer the more. The condition of the Russian people has been made worse by heavy taxation, and we are told that within the last ten years the beggarment of the peasantry has been consummated. M. Witte is no sympathetic or sentimental socialist as his secret circulars regulating the labour question testify. His sole aim is to gather revenue, and the inevitable question occurs, to what end?

DEVELOPMENT OF RHODESIA.

RHODESIA has so far been a disappointing country. The ancient workings which abound in what were formerly called Matabeleland and Mashonaland testify to the past richness of the region as a gold bearing country, but so far the Chartered Company have not found working of the reefs very remunerative. Experience has shown that though the ancients may have had little trouble in making their gold mining pay those who came after them required efficient machinery, cheap railway transport, and labour nearly as cheap as that which excavated the old pits. Four years ago, after the company had been at work for nine years, the yield of gold for ten months was only valued at £200,000. The yield has since been somewhat increased, and now we are told that as a consequence of the extension of railway communication the output of gold is expected to be doubled within the next two years. One of the great needs of the country has been fuel, and the tapping of the valuable coal fields north of Gwelo will have an important influence on the development of Rhodesia. These coal fields were discovered some years ago and the work of extending the railway to that district has since progressed. If the anticipations of the Chartered Company regarding the production of gold be realised the country will develop rapidly. But if the gold results do not prove so satisfactory as is expected Rhodesia will still develop though more slowly. It is a country essentially suited for white colonists, and apart from the gold it promises it has other natural resources which ensure its prosperity. In common with the rest of South Africa Rhodesia is at present experiencing the ill effects of high prices produced by the mischievous operations of the Shipping Ring. It is satisfactory to find from the speech of Lord Onslow at Edinburgh that the Government intends to make an effort to counteract the baleful effects of the Shipping Ring's work. The Under-Secretary of the Colonies declared that the Colonial Office would endeavour to secure fair rates for Government freight to South Africa if they had to charter their own steamers. He added that it was the duty of the Government to try to reduce the enormous cost of living in South Africa, and it is certain that a reduction of the high shipping rates would materially cheapen living for the colonists. In Rhodesia, again, so far as the Chartered Company is concerned the question of cheap labour for the mines is one of great importance. It was the late Mr. Rhodes who first suggested the importation of Chinese into the country, but the proposal, though supported by the Chamber of Mines, was not favoured by the colonists. It is now proposed to import a certain number of labourers from India, but before this can be done the sanction of the Imperial Government is necessary. The scheme will not commend itself to the majority of the white settlers, unhappily, unless the coolies are brought in on the same unenviable terms attaching to the Indians in Natal. As a contrast to the anxiety of the Chartered Company in Rhodesia to exploit the Indian coolie, may be noted the Act recently passed in Cape Colony prohibiting the immigration of Asiatics who are unable to read and write a European language.

BURMA MUNICIPALITIES.

THE Government review of the working of the Municipalities in Burma during the past year exhibits very little variation in the matter of general facts and statistics from that of the previous year. There were in the province at the close of the official year 41 municipalities, the same number as was in existence at the end of the previous year. There are, however, under consideration at the present time applications to extend the working of the Burma Municipal Act to several towns in Upper Burma. The census revealed one very curious fact at Kyaukse. It was found that a portion of the population had moved into settlements just outside municipal limits in order to escape taxation. It was, therefore, deemed desirable to revise the boundaries. It is to be feared that those who have been entrusted with the duties of municipal government do not take such interest in the matter as is desirable. During the year there was certainly a small impro

TELEGRAMS

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

DEVELOPMENT OF RHODESIA.

INCREASING THE GOLD OUTPUT.

RAILWAY TO THE COAL FIELDS.

THE LABOUR QUESTION.

LONDON, FEBRUARY 5.

The Chartered Company have issued a report anticipating that the gold output in Rhodesia will be doubled in the next two years, largely owing to the extension of Railways tapping the coal fields.

The expense of living largely hampers progress. The Chartered Company is, therefore, giving its freight contracts to companies outside the ring, including the British India Line.

Efforts are being made to obtain the Imperial Government's permission to import Indians for one mine in Rhodesia.

THE VENEZUELA NEGOTIATIONS.

MR. BOWEN'S DIPLOMACY.

BRITISH AMBASSADOR'S ANGER.

A STORMY INTERVIEW.

There is a strong feeling even in some circles in America that Mr. Bowen has been carried away by his sudden prominence, and exaggerating the importance of his position, is indulging in new diplomacy and communicating to the press proposals for a settlement before consulting the Ambassador or the Allies.

Sir M. Herbert has had a stormy interview with Mr. Bowen in which he spoke plainly regarding the conduct of the negotiations. The interview was heated but, it is stated, cleared the air.

THE KANO EXPEDITION.

MOVEMENT TOWARDS SOKOTO.

At the conclusion of the Kano operations there will be a fresh concentration of troops at Yelwa on the Niger preliminary to a movement towards Sokoto.

THE ALASKAN BOUNDARY QUESTION.

LONDON, FEBRUARY 6.

President Roosevelt and Mr. Hay have practically abandoned the hope of the Senate ratifying the Alaskan Treaty mentioned on the 25th as having been signed by Mr. Hay and Sir M. Herbert owing to the opposition of some of the Senators in the North-West.

THE BALKANS.

The Bulgarian Premier has declared in the Chamber that Bulgaria would fulfil international obligations to keep peace. He would, he said, shortly inform the Chamber of the measures taken against the Macedonian Committees.

EARL PERCY.

Earl Percy was entertained last night at a banquet given at Kensington to celebrate his appointment as Under-Secretary for India. In the course of his speech Earl Percy said that he believed that the problems of India would continue to tax the highest resources of statesmanship, in which native enterprise would play a large part. Railways and irrigation might do much to balance climatic conditions and to facilitate the rapid distribution of cheap food, but he thought we must look to more permanent if less obvious remedies such as the inculcation of thrift and the removal of indebtedness of agriculturalist and the development of the enormous resources of the country.

He considered that our administration of India was attended with a certain measure of efficiency which was due in no slight degree to the fact that Indian questions were not allowed to become the battleground of English political parties. He was glad that it was felt that India required not the fluent omniscience of the globe-trotter but the far greater qualites of common sense, judgment, and stability of purpose.

NEW AMBASSADOR AT ST. PETERSBURG.

Cecil Arthur Spring-Rice, British Commissioner of the Egyptian debt, a Cairo, has been appointed to the Embassy at St. Petersburg.

THE MAILS.

LONDON, FEBRUARY 5.

The Bombay Mails of the 24th ultimo arrived at Brindisi to-day.

DEATH OF LIEUTENANT SANDYS.

CALCUTTA, FEBRUARY 6.

The death last night at Lucknow is reported of Lieutenant Colonel Sandys, Assistant Commissary-General. The deceased officer intended going home in April on two years' furlough. The funeral is this afternoon.

BOARD OF SCIENTIFIC ADVICE.

OPENING MEETING.

CALCUTTA, FEBRUARY 6.

The opening meeting of the Board of Scientific Advice was held here this afternoon, Mr. Miller presiding.

MR. CHIROL.

HIS DEPARTURE FOR HYDERABAD.

Mr. Chirol, Foreign Editor of the "Times," leaves for Hyderabad to-night.

INDIAN LABOUR IN RHODESIA.

The question of importation of Indian labour into Rhodesia, referred to by Reuter, is understood to be new before the Government of India.

BENGAL BOARD OF REVENUE.

MR. BOLTON'S SUCCESSOR.

Mr. Finucane, C.S.I., succeeds Mr. Bolton in the Bengal Board of Revenue.

SOFT AND RAW SUGAR.

The value for Customs purposes of soft and raw sugar other than from Egypt or China is fixed at eight and a half rupees per hundredweight.

BITTEN BY A MAD DOG.

BANGALORE, FEBRUARY 6.

Lieutenant O. St. M. Jones, 6th Dragoon Guards, has been bitten by a mad dog in his bungalow yesterday, the animal being shot immediately by Lieutenant Brooke Mockett of the 4th Hussars. Lieutenant Jones left to-day for treatment at Kasauli.

PROPRIETOR OF THE RANGOON FOUNDRY.

ALLEGED CHARGE OF THEFT AGAINST HIM.

The Rangoon 6th District Magistrate after three days' hearing has framed a charge against Mr Coath, proprietor of the Rangoon foundry, of theft of three note books belonging to Mr. Willoughby relating to the litigation pending between the parties.

CRICKET.

OXFORD AUTHENTICS vs. BEHAR WANDERERS.

MUZAFFARPUR, FEBRUARY 6.

The Behar Wanderers continued their innings to-day with Luce and grarett against the bowling of Simpson-Hayward and Williams. Simpson-Hayward bowled Garrett with the first ball and Maddox with his next, so this is the second time he has done the hat trick, his three victims being Marsham, Garrett, and Maddox after Luce was out for a good 40. The Behar Wanderers totally collapsed before the bowling of Simpson-Hayward who bowled 7 wickets for 21 runs, his 6 wickets to-day costing 9 runs and all of them being cleaned bowled.

The Authentics started their second innings with Chinnery and Hornby against the bowling of Hudson and Marsham, and they were not separated till 8 runs had been scored, when Hornby got his leg in front of a straight one from Lang, having scored 28 by free cricket. Then Hollins joined Chinnery, and runs came at a good pace, 90 being up on the board at tiffin. After tiffin both started hitting, and at 127 Hollins, was caught for a good 36, this wicket having added 80 runs. Soon after Chinnery was out for a hard hit 63, but not one of his best innings being let off three times. Simpson-Hayward hit hard for his 38, but was rather lucky. Key, played well for 18, and Cayton's 56 was a brilliant innings, considering that he has had no practice, and when the Authentics had made 274 for nine wickets, which is a great performance as the wicket was playing a bit funny, and so left the Behar Wanderers 302 runs to get to win, which will be a great performance if they get them. The Behar Wanderers had 5 minutes batting, and lost Chapman for none, Simpson-Hayward bowling him with his third ball and so the Behar Wanderers now wanted 303 still to win with 9 wickets to fall. Simpson-Hayward now wants 6 more wickets to get his hundred for the tour, and Williams only wants about 9 more, which will be a good performance if they can both get their hundred wickets. Scores:—

AUTHENTICS.

	FIRST INNINGS.		SECOND INNINGS.	
Chinnery, c Watson, b Platt	7	80	c Bentinck, b Lang	69
Hornby, b Hadman	0	28	c Watson, b Lang	28
Hollins, not out	0	65	c Bentinck, b Lang	36
Simpson-Hayward, b Lang	0	19	c Luce, b Watson	38
Chapman, b Lang	0	0	b Lang	0
Key, c Bentinck, b Hudson	0	18	b Lang	18
Jarrett, c and b Hudson	0	2	b Hudson	25
Williams, c Bentinck, b Hudson	0	1	b Hudson	3
Bridge, b Hudson	0	0	c Hudson, b Lang	15
Rowan, c Garrett, b Hudson	0	3	b Hudson	15
Appasi, c and b Hudson	0	1	not out	3
		4	Extras	8
Total		246	Total	274

BEHAR WANDERERS.

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	1st Innings.				2nd Innings.			
	O.	M.	R.	W.	O.	M.	R.	W.
Lang	6	1	71	3	24	2	116	7
Hudson	25	1	61	6	15	0	55	1
Williams	11	0	57	0	7	0	19	0
Platt	1	0	44	1	4	0	21	0
Luce	1	0	9	0	2	0	42	0
Marsham	2	0	0	0	8	0	41	0

BEHAR WANDERERS.

	FIRST INNINGS.		SECOND INNINGS.	
Garrett, b Simpson-Hayward	2	0	b Simpson-Hayward	0
Williams, c and b Hornby	0	0	not out	6
Bentinck, b Williams	0	0		
Watson, b Simpson-Hayward	0	6		
Maddox, c Simpson-Hayward	0	0		
Marsham, c Simpson-Hayward	0	0		
Garratt, b Simpson-Hayward	2	0	to bat.	
Hudson, b Simpson-Hayward	0	1		
Luce, b Simpson-Hayward	0	0		
Lang, not out	0	13		
			Extras	0
Total		18	Total (for one wicket)	0

AUTHENTICS.

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	1st Innings.			
	O.	M.	R.	W.
Simpson-Hayward	10	2	33	7
Williams	9	2	57	1
Simpson-Hayward	9	1	22	7
Hornby	3	0	17	0

"GAZETTE OF INDIA" NOTIFICATIONS.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Captain E. P. Carter has been allowed five years' extension of his appointment in the Ordnance Department.

Indian Army.—Lieutenants Fellowes, Anderson, Babington, Strong, Fitzpatrick, Lane, and Keen to be Captains.

Colonel G. H. C. Eyre, Indian Army, has been permitted to retire with effect from the 15th instant.

Malakar Volunteer Rifles.—Lieutenants Austin, Mackay, and Wilson to be Captains; and Messrs. Heveard, MacMichael, and Evans to be Lieutenants.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. A. E. Ryan, officiates as Assistant Director of Post Offices in India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Colonel Greasy and Lieutenant Colonel Mc Cloghry, both of the Indian Medical Service, Bombay, are reposted permanently and temporarily, respectively, to the Military employ.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Mr. C. Swetenham, from Bombay, has been posted as Examiner of Accounts, Rajputana.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

CALCUTTA, FEBRUARY 6.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. C. Faithful, Indian Army, has been permitted to retire.

Field Service Concessions are sanctioned to the troops composing the Athali column of the Aden Delimitation Commission.

The Secretary of State has sanctioned the placing of men of the local corps (Bhil corps excepted) on the same footing as men of the Regular Army as regards eligibility for pension after 21 years' service.

The despatch to Abyssinia from Aden has been sanctioned of machine guns for Mendich and Rasmakonnen.

The 2nd Royal Dublin Fusiliers now stand fast at Aden until further orders instead of leaving for Home in the transport Syria.

Lieutenant White is permitted to resign his commission.

Captain Kettle becomes Adjutant, 1st Battalion South Stafford Regiment, vice Deans.

Lieutenant Simpson is appointed Quartermaster, 1st Infantry Hyderabad Contingent.

Lieutenant Colonel Clothier, 27th Madras Infantry, officiates as Assistant Adjutant-General, Bangalore, vice Stevens proceeding on one year's leave.

To enable the Official History of the South African War to be made as comprehensive as possible officers commanding units have been requested to forward to Lieutenant-Colonel G. F. R. Henderson, C.B. at the War Office, all official papers connected with the historical records of their Corps, so far as they relate to the late war.

Orders have been issued for the immediate despatch to Aden of No. 6 British Mountain Battery which has by this time probably left Ludhiana.

We regret to hear of the above of Major E. Peach, D.A.Q.M.G., Intelligence Division, War Office. The deceased officer entered the Army in February 1884 and belonged to the 3rd Madras Light Infantry.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

The following passengers are booked to proceed to-day by the P. and O. Company's steamer Oriental to Marseilles and London:—

Amtsa Mr A C — Kimlsen Mr J
Donna Li-Co Il H B — Miller Hon Lady
Hempel Grand Mrs O — Carrington Hon
Hughes Mr H — Shaw, Mr W D
Hardy Mr H — Nicoll Mr A
Hilford Mr C A — Murray Mr AIR
Hall Hon W — Lee Hon W
Haig Mr Alex — Killanin Lord
Brown Mr G C — Dickson Capt W E R
Rose Mr — Lady Ry A E B
Bennett Mrs S — Findlay Mr J
Davis Miss A — Cole Mr S H
Stokes Mr H G I — Shaffer Miss
Brown Mr — Webster Miss
Robson Miss — Reeve Miss
Bryan Mr R W — Hilford Miss E C
Bell Mr Herbert L — Carey Miss
Hudson Mr C E — Grant Miss T Villiers
Mannard Major and Mrs — Wallace Mr D R
Phipps Miss — Gorman Mr H W C
Channer Mrs — Bowie Mr W A
Dunlop Mr and — Broadhurst Mrs H S
Rhatoon — Phipps Mr and Mrs W
Two children — Welsh Capt W R
Grainger Mr C T — Johnson Mr E M
Grainger Mrs and Mrs — Vere Hunter Mrs
Russell Mr P — Vallings Capt and Mrs
Rae Major S A — Lewis Mr W
Boreham M — Turner Mr S J
Rose Capt Herbert M and Mrs — Cragie Miss
Gilmour Lady Susan — Waterfield Capt B C
Hampshire Lord and Lady — Morrison Mr
Lloyd Capt E H — Bird Mrs G M and infant
Roberts Miss — Chatterjee Mr K
Scott Rev J — Cox Mr A
Hall Mr and Mrs S T — Hatchard Mrs
Nicholson Mrs H S — Moir Mrs J K and infant
McKechnie Mrs — Stewart Capt J C
Brandwood Mr A W — Mackenzie Mrs C
Bowell Mr G A — Snow Dr
Bruce Mrs and Miss — Campbell Mr D R
Kipling Mr — Martin Lieut G A
Bell Mr H R — Forney Capt J L
Myers Mr and Mrs Dudley B — Aveacock Mr R
Kensington Lord — Kemerton Mr J
Edmondston Mr — Williams Mr
Curgenven Mr A J — Finnecy Mr

Farmers in Western Australia reports a case of plague.

The announcement subject to the administration of the Berars may be expected to issue shortly. West probably the arrangement appears to be to make over the Berars to Bombay which has the same land system, and to transfer Sind to the Punjab in exchange, the Punjab Chief Court then deputing a couple of its judges to take up the Karachi cases.

THE SOMALILAND EXPEDITION.

A PLEASANT HOLIDAY.

PREPARING FOR THE ADVANCE.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

OBBIA, JANUARY 21.

Strong winds and heavy surf prevail, and landing has once more become as difficult as it was earlier in the month. The tug Dolphin belonging to the Aden Port Trust, continues to do good work, manned by an officer and crew from H. M. S. Perseus; though at first she was a hindrance rather than a help to the flotilla of boats plying between the transports and the shore, by reason of her ungainly gambols. However, after carrying away the troop barge moorings once or twice, she seems to have settled down to the altered conditions of her life from the peaceful waters of Aden Harbour, and no longer poses as she did during the first few days after her arrival here, as another item added to the already long list of dangers which have to be faced by the boats and their crews between the ships and the landing place.

The really hard work of the expedition begins and ends with the landing; the remainder of the operations, excepting the scarcity of water, no matter what they may prove to be, compared to these hazardous and trying three weeks and a half, cannot be regarded in any other light but that of a pleasant holiday, in a good climate, in a fertile country in the main part, and one that is fortunately free from most of the scourges in the way of sickness that a tropical country affords.

The sick list on board the ships grows daily heavier through the daily exposure the crews undergo. Officers and men suffer alike, only with the former there are no reliefs, they have to come and go as regularly between dawn and sunset as if there were no discomfort in blistered and sun cracked lips and faces—which stings when the biting salt spray whips across the surf as though they had been spared with a branding iron.

The Madras Masulah boats with their crews would have proved invaluable in this disembarcation or our boat could have taken quite six cutter loads of cargo, and in much less time,—and for the price paid to this unscrupulous old ruffian Yussuf Ali for the hire of his six Somali surf boats, so called a fleet of at least ten Masulah boats, with their crews complete, could have been maintained. And they would have saved many an anxious and dangerous moment to the boats' officers and crews alike, when inside the line of breakers—not only on their account but also for the safety of the poor brutes of valuable horses and mules swimming alongside them.

In the camp everything is being pushed forward to be ready for the advance on the 15th February. Everybody is busy, and fortunately everybody is fit and well. The Bombay Sappers and Miners are quite the most busily employed people on shore—for their "work begins when God knows when, and God knows when it is through"—to quote a certain famous allusion to equally hardworking corps. Everything in the shape of work seems to come their way, from making pack saddles for mules and cammels, to sharpening pen-knives and soleing and heeling officers boots! an absolute fact.

It is impossible to exaggerate the importance of the work carried out by the officers and men of the Naiad, Canning, and Pomone, and later the Perseus—or to overpraise the result attained by their constant, untiring, and arduous work. Surf running under ordinary conditions is perhaps the most trying ordeal that a sailor has to undergo in the general run of boat work, and it needs more than the usual quantity of nerve and skill combined to perform the task successfully. But to a landsman's doubtless inexperienced eye as mine is, the feats that have been performed daily of dogged pertinacity and skill combined, by the officers of the above ships in bringing in and in taking out their boats with tired and worn out crews through the roaring line of breakers have savoured of the superhuman.

On the Canning's men and boats has fallen the lion's share of the work because her complement of under a hundred men does not allow her men or officers in the boats the opportunity of snatching a breathing spell as can be done by the Perseus and Pomone with their complements of 261 men each. Surely if there is to be any public recognition by the Government in England of this Expedition, the officers and men of these three ships are more than entitled to a share in it.

H. H. THE NIZAM AT THE CIRCUS

His Highness the Nizam spent a very enjoyable evening at the circus on Thursday, notwithstanding the fact that there were many people, who apparently would have been better pleased had he chosen some other time and given longer notice of his intention to visit the entertainment. The scene inside the tent, we are given to understand, was a very interesting one. From the commencement of performance his Highness was so delighted with the all he saw that he found it impossible to keep his seat. A comfortably upholstered box was erected for him and his personal attendants, but this had no attraction for him. Throughout the evening he walked round the arena in evident pleasure applauding every turn paying visits to his friends and presumably exchanging opinions with ladies and presumably exchanging opinions with them upon the merits of the entertainment. The end of the programme came too quickly for him. He was in the mood to remain in the circus tent for hours. He made an endeavour to obtain the circus again for last night, but when he was respectfully informed that that was impossible he suggested that a special performance should be given for him on Sunday, and the arrangement was at once acceded to. To-morrow then, his Highnesses, his staff and his ladies will once more be present at the circus. Even after this matter had been finally settled his Highness could not bring himself to depart from the tent. Quite half an hour he spent in examining the tiger "Duke" with which Mr. Geo. Barns had performed a few minutes previously. When he did depart for Ready money House it was with the assurance that he would be present again at the circus on Sunday, and we may assume that he looking forward to the delights of a second visit.

P. AND O. AUSTRALIA.

DELAYED BY FOG.

The P. and O. Company's s.s. Australia, with the outward Mails of the 20th ultimo, left Suez at 7 p.m. on Thursday. Her late departure from Suez was due to her having been detained by fog.

RESTRICTION ON IMMIGRATION IN CAPE COLONY.

Intending passengers from India to Cape Colony should take note of the fact that the legislature of that Colony has just passed an Act restricting the immigration of Asiatics. The Immigration Restriction Act was passed on the 30th ultimo and provides that before being allowed to land in Cape Colony the immigrant must write an application in a European language. To ensure compliance with this law an official boards the steamers before the passengers leave. The measure is designed to check the influx of Asiatic coolies and petty traders.

HARMSTON'S CIRCUS.

There will be another change of programme at Harmston's Circus to-night. The entertainment is to be entirely revised and several new turns of quite a sensational character are to be introduced. One equestrian act "saving the flag" will be well worth a visit to the Circus even though there is nothing else to be seen, if the accounts received of it are at all correct, and several other new items promise to be an improvement even on what has been witnessed during the past fortnight. To-day the last matinee performance of the old programme will be given.

THE YACHT GODWIT.

A cable has been received in Bombay announcing the arrival of the Yacht Godwit at Perim on the 2nd instant. She performed a record passage through the canal in sailing from Port Said to Suez in 12 hours

A great scandal has been caused in Lisbon by the elopement of a lady, a well-known Marchioness, with her groom. The lady is 42, very beautiful and extremely rich. Her husband, on hearing the news of the elopement, tried to blow his brains out, but was prevented by his friends.

ARRIVAL OF THE OVERLAND MAILS OF 23RD JANUARY.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Caledonia, Captain R. H. Gordon, arrived in harbour yesterday morning, with the English Mails of the 23rd January. She brought the following passengers:—

FROM LONDON.

Jennings Miss — Gadinger Mrs
Miles Mr and Mrs — Bruce 2nd Lieut
Nedham Col — Stagney 2nd Lieut
Trollope Mrs — Woolcoombe Lieut J L
Hellary Mrs E — Brinchman Maj R
Leash H W Mr — Waller Maj and Mrs J N
Taylor W J Mrs — Burn Mr J F
Ingram Miss — Duncan Maj S E
Rawells Miss — Douglas Mrs
Fischer Mrs and four children — Harris Miss
Miller Mrs — Thomas Mrs H
Thomson Mrs S J and three children — Winter Maj J B
Thomson Master two Misses Governess — Winter Miss
Skakes Mr S W — Goldie Capt W L
Stone Maj and Mrs — Cope Mr S
Summers Mrs — Newgan Mr G K
Quarry Mr J — Spencer Mrs
Tyson Wolff Mr — Hyde-Oates Mr G E
Watson Capt — Bowles Mrs
Watson Mrs and infant — James Mrs E B
Johnson Miss — Bolster Lieut-Col B W
Shorrock Mr and Mrs W — Oldham Lieut
Hemes Mrs — Paddield Mr R C L
Halliwell Miss M A — Clark Mr A S M
Phillips Mr J — Holland Mrs
Langmore Father — Dinnes Mr J H
Allen Col — Edwards Miss
Allen Mr — Mackeesnch Mr
Irvine Mrs — Bucbhan Mr
Shepherd Mrs — Windus Mrs and two children
Shepherd Miss — Everett Miss
Shepherd Miss — Hanna Mr
Summerhill Miss E — Duxbury Mr
Beak Mrs — Pruce Mr G
Barel Mr G and 2 infants — Rice Mrs
Sorel Miss E — Hyslop Mrs
Allen Mr — Knight Mr E
Sewell Mrs F W — Savell Mr
Longdon Mrs — Cox Mr

FROM MARSEILLES.

Coventry Mr — McArthur Miss
Lee Mr — A M Miss
Moore Capt A C — Marshall Miss
Williams Maj — Larkers Lt-Col
Burnett Lieut — Hunter Capt
Stanton Mr W E — Cunliffe Lieut-Col
Jan Wilson Mrs and infnt — Bridge Rev B M
Carrie Mr A C — Franks Rev
Longman Mr F T — Paul Mr J P
Wood Mr J A — Lappel Dr
Sullivan Mr W — Harward Mr A E
Hatch Mr G W — Clark Mrs J
Spicer Mr J — Lumpani Mrs J and infant
Spicer Mrs — Scott Mr H A
Murray Capt and Mrs and infnt — Kennedy Capt A M
Palmer Mr A C — Nicholson Mr M
Lady Mr U — Ree Mr R
Robey Rev — Bukard Capt
Currie Mrs A C — Bell Capt
Jackson Lieut-Col M — Ince Mr and Mrs C W
Thomson Mr W D and child — Liley Mrs
Waller Miss — Bainbrygartner Capt, Mrs and Miss
Pollard Mrs and infnt — McCrea Mr
Dodington Mrs and Miss W M — Vanstitart Mrs
Teobbasar Sir H — Rice Mrs
Auld Mr J — Turner Capt
Laventhorpe Mr J B — Banji Mr C B
Chapman Miss P — Colinery Miss
Duncan Mr J — Bishop of Bombay
Spence Mrs H T — McArthur Mrs
Challis Mr J M — Borck Mr B
Challis Mrs — St Leger Mrs W D
Barrow Mrs O F — Letiley Mrs
Tennyson Mr J B — Arlyer Lt
Vanstart Miss — Mequant Mrs
Lubock Mr M — Bond Mrs
Caldick Genl G B — Hall Mrs B W
Marchant Miss — Willcocks Mr and Mrs
Lyon Mr Re O — Willcocks Miss
Wood Mr R J

FROM BRINDISI.

Smith Mr G — Lobkin Mr H
Maconohy Major — Leggett Mr F
Vaydia Mr N F — Mathean Mr
Black Mr — Colcatt Lt-Col

FROM PORT SAID.

Richter Mr C — Birch Mr

FROM ADEN.

Guest Mr H — Pickford Mr

THE USE OF COCAINE.

IS IT AN INTOXICANT.

ABKHARI PROSECUTION DISMISSED!

At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday Mr. J. Sanders (Sister, Chief Presidency Magistrate, gave his judgment in the case in which Mr. J. C. Cama, Manager to Messrs H. Spencer and Company, chemists, was charged with selling cocaine, alleged to be an intoxicating drug, without a license from the Collector of Abkari, Bombay.

Mr. E. F. Nicholson, Government Solicitor, appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. S. B. Spencer, pleader, defended Mr. J. C. Cama.

His Worship in delivering judgment said: The accused who is said to be the manager of Messrs B Spencer and Co, who carry on business in Bombay as chemists and druggists, is charged with selling an intoxicating drug in contravention of the Abkari Act, the substance in respect of which the prosecution is brought being hydrochlorate of cocaine corresponding with the formula $C_{17}H_{21}NO_4HCl$. There are two distinct defences raised to this charge the first being that hydrochlorate of cocaine is not an intoxicating drug within the meaning of the Abkari Act and the second if it is held to be an intoxicating drug within the meaning of the Act, the accused is protected by the provisions of section 92. I am much indebted to the expert witnesses who have given evidence in this case, and also to the Public Prosecution and Mr. S. B. Spencer for the assistance which they have afforded me in coming to a decision upon an extremely technical question. From the evidence before the Court it appears that cocaine as it is commonly called is a drug of an extremely deleterious character, when placed in the hands of inexperienced persons and one the sale of which might with public advantage be placed under stringent restrictive rules. Its effects when administered in other than medicinal doses are highly obnoxious to human life, and when administered in medicinal doses for a more or less prolonged period create a craving for the drug in increasing doses. The immediate effect of the drug is to stimulate the spinal cerebral nerve centres, the stimulation being followed by corresponding depression and ultimately in the event of continued administration of the drug in increasing doses, by paralysis of these centres and death. There can be no doubt upon the evidence that cocaine is a poison though not so virulent a poison as aconite, digitalis belladonna and other vegetable poisons. It is used medicinally chiefly by subcutaneous injection for producing local anæsthesia in solution, and occasionally by external application, though its effect on unbroken skin is practically nil. But in Bombay it appears to be swallowed wrapped up in a 'pan' leaf, and that without medical advice or for any other purpose than that of enjoying the exhilarating effect which it temporarily produces. It is to check the consumption of the drug in this manner, and not with the object of interfering with its administration by medical men that this prosecution has been instituted. If cocaine is an intoxicating drug within the meaning of the Abkari Act vendors of the drug must be held to be amenable to the provisions of that Act and therefore, the main question which I have to decide is whether cocoine falls within the definition of "intoxicating drug" as laid down in portion 5 of the Act which runs as follows: "Intoxicating drug includes 'ganja,' 'bhang,' 'chasas' and every preparation and admixture of the same and every intoxicating drug or substance prepared from hemp, grain and other material not included in the term liquor, but does not include opium or any drug included within the meaning of the word as defined in the Indian Opium Act 1878." It will be noticed that this definition is not an exhaustive one but includes intoxicating drinks or substance prepared from hemp, grain and other material. In interpreting this enactment which is a highly penal one a strict construction must be placed upon the words used, and in case the meaning of any word in this definition is doubtful it must be construed in the manner most favourable to the liberties of the subject. This is a well known maxim of law but I may cite as an authority for its application: Bombay Regina vs. Bhutabin Madana. Indian Law Reports I Bombay page 303. What then is the meaning to be attached to the word "intoxicating." I The first meaning of the word "intoxicate" as given in the Century Dictionary is "to poison"; the second meaning is to make drunk as with spirituous liquor, inebriate and a third meaning, —a figurative one—is to excite to a very high pitch of feeling. Which of these meanings is to be attributed to the word as used in the Abkari Act? I think I am bound to look to the words of the definition to ascertain whether they give any clue to the answer to this question, and on looking to those words I find a distinct clue—the intoxication must be intoxication such as caused by ganja, bhang charas and other preparations of hemp, that is to say that any other material must in my opinion be material ejusdem generis as hemp, or must produce similar effects. Major Collis Baily in his evidence stated that cocaine is in no way prepared from hemp or grain, and that it does not in any way resemble ganja or bhang. He says it is not ejusdem generis with them. Many references were made to treatises on the subject, inter alia, of cocaine and in none of them does it appear, so far as they have been brought to the notice of the Court, that the properties or effects of cocaine resemble the properties or effects of "ganja, bhang or any other preparations of hemp. The public prosecutor argued that opium does not resemble hemp or grain, and that, therefore, the mention of opium in the section indicated that the material referred to need not be material 'ejusdem generis' as those mentioned. This, however, is entirely of a negative character as the definition entirely excludes opium and its preparations and it is quite possible, though on that point there is no evidence before the Court, that the intoxication produced by the use of opium may resemble that produced by 'Ganja' etc. Stated shortly, the theory of the prosecution is that intoxicating is synonymous with poisonous and that, therefore, cocaine is an intoxicating drug. I cannot, however, place that technical interpretation upon the word as used here, and I hold that the word intoxicating must here be confined to mean making drunk as with 'ganja' or 'bhang.' The prosecution having failed to show that cocaine is a drug which has such an effect as an ordinary consequence of its consumption, the case fails. I acquit accused under section 245 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

Mr. Nicholson declined to proceed again: Mr. Drayton of Messrs. Kemp and Co., and that case was accordingly dismissed.

The correspondent who writes on Mr. Brodrick's reforms in the "Times" is more generous," but hardly less severe. He finishes up a critical review of our War Minister's work by remarking:—"More has been done for the Army in Mr. Brodrick's 2 1-2 years than during the tenure of office of any Secretary of State since Mr. Cardwell. But all that he has done will not be enough to justify him in the eyes of the nation if he is not ready to go to the root of the matter, and to consider freely and frankly what are the purposes for which we want a regular army and how we can best meet those requirements within the limits of reasonable expenditure."

THE SOUTH AFRICAN SHIPPING RING.

PRESENT POSITION OF AFFAIRS.

A few facts are badly wanted by various Chambers of Commerce, business men all through the country, merchants, manufacturers, and shippers, the Natal Government, the British South Africa Company, and commercial houses in our South African Colonies; facts from this South African Steamship Ring, or Conference, as it prefers to term itself.

All these have cried for facts in connection with certain controverted matters appertaining to the influence and methods of the said South African Ring. Crying for facts, they have received Ring cuffy; a dish not to be despised but somewhat unappetising when stronger food is demanded.

As the facts do not seem to be forthcoming, the eager must do their best to find them for themselves.

THE TRAVELS OF A DOCUMENT.

The Ring has one half of a double document, which made its début on the stage of life when Sir Albert Hime asked for facts—facts again, be it noticed—connected with the mail service and the trade with South Africa. This was rather a pointed request, but the Union-Castle Line, the predominant partner in the Ring, never hesitated. On August 28, 1902, the document made its first venturous voyage.

After passing the Natal Legislature, it made the round of the South African papers, was brought back to England, bears the "Daily Express," published over here in sundry journals, and then trotted out again in connection with the conference that was to have taken place at Liverpool. Now it is making the round of the Chambers of Commerce. These are facts, and these can be proded—the conference did not take place. Why? The Ring had a unique opportunity of stating a case. The case was not stated. Why?

Referring to the rebate system—an inoffensive item compared with the latter one of boycott—and the agreement between shipowner and merchant of the Union-Castle Company states that this compact continues only so long as it may be to the interest of both merchant and shipowner; and there is no obligation on any merchant to abide by its terms unless it suits his interest."

A WILL-O'-THE-WISP REBATE.

It is scarcely necessary to state, after so much publicity has been given to the tender mercies of the Ring towards merchants who prefer to consult their own interest, what follows when the merchant severs the bond.

Rebates are gone in the twinkling of an eye that have been accumulating for fifteen months, a sum perhaps running into thousands of pounds. Then—boycotted! Not the independent trader alone, but all his business associates, even to the third and fourth commercial generation.

This is a fact that cannot be disproved. Why have the Ring in the course of trundling out their pert, pateric reply never once referred to this matter? Is it because the reply is older than some of the more glaring cases of boycott?

This drives us to the letters that emanated from the Fenchurch-street house of the Union-Castle Line. The Council of the Liverpool Chamber of Commerce wrote to the Liverpool house of the Union-Castle, inviting them to meet the council on the 23rd. An early reply was requested.

The letter was written on the 17th—a Wednesday. No answer was returned till the 20th—a Saturday. The conference had been called for the Monday. These facts seem to convey something. It may have been a desire to spare the feelings of the Ring who would have found unpleasantness. It may have been nothing of the sort. To each man, his sentiments and opinions.

The letter which was sent to the secretary was fairly short. It contained an enclosure—the dear old document—and the letter concluded with a statement of the pleasure it would give the Union-Castle to supply further information.

Liverpool made no reply to this, and on the 30th—ten days later—the Union-Castle people wrote another letter. This time they were bolder.

FACT OR FICTION?

They stated explicitly that there was no foundation for the charge that a conference of shipowners engaged in the South African trade give preference to foreigners. Here again is an absence of fact; it is only an assertion.

Had the facts been stated they would have been something like this a Ring boats ship for Americans at rates starting from 10s. a ton, while the minimum charge to British rivals in trade is 22s. 6d. The British, if they want to ensure swift carriage have to pay as much as 80s. plus 10 per cent.

This last statement has been denied by a responsible person connected with another Ring line—Buckmall's. All that can be done is to ask whether or not the following circular, issued by the Union-Castle Company, bearing the signatures on "Donald Currie and Co., Managers," and dated November 10, 1902, is genuine or is a forgery!

In order to meet the wishes of Shippers of Urgent Goods, for which shipment is desired by first Steamer it has been decided that Cargo will be accepted (up to a limited extent) at Southampton by Mail Steamer at the following Express Rates, per ton weight or measurement at ship's option; To Capetown and Algoa Bay, 80s., with 10 per cent. primage to East London and Natal, 90s., with 10 per cent. primage.

All such goods must be specially engaged in London an advice must reach our Southampton Office at least one day before arrival of the goods.

This arrangement will come into force with the sailing of the R.M.S. Norman from Southampton on 15th November.

THE RING AND THE GOVERNMENT.

Perhaps the Ring will not admit that Americans are foreigners. In that case the question must be put this way. Is it, or is it not a fact that by an alliance with the German lines, who forced their way into the trade, a German inland manufacturer can get his goods into a South African port very much cheaper than an English manufacturer can? The practical effect of this Anglo-German agreement as to sea rates is wholly adverse to the Briton in an inland manufacturing centre.

The relations between the Ring vessels and the Imperial Government Department controlling the latter. It is stated that the support referred to is only given upon tenders made by the steam lines in competition or as the result of specific bargains. Again thirst for information prompts the query whether or not there have been cases where independent tenders were lower when accepted tenders put forward by the Ring lines?

Finally, this little castigation is administered to the Liverpool Chamber of Commerce.

"It must be pretty well known in Liverpool that the object to be gained is the interest of an opposition rather than the conservation of a national interest. We shall forward a copy of our correspondence with you and of the letter to Sir Albert Hime, Premier of Natal to the newspapers of Liverpool and to the various Chambers of Commerce throughout this country."

Why?

"... In order that in may be known what it has been necessary for us to say to your Chamber."

ARRIVAL OF THE TRANSPORT SICILIA.

The hired transport Sicilia, Captain C. H. S. Tocque, arrived in harbour yesterday from Southampton, which port she left on the 15th January and called at Port Said and Suez. She brought drafts of different regiments consisting of 63 officers and two children, 10 warrant officers, 4 women, and 19 children 1107 non-commissioned officers and men 85 women and 69 children. The troops were disembarked yesterday afternoon at the Sassoon Dock and despatched to Deolali and Poona in three special troop trains. The following are names of the officers:

Capt Derbyshire, 5th Dragoon Guards
Capt Hon Nugent, 16th Hussrs
Lieut Melville, 5th Dragoon Guards
Lieut Hon Cole, 5th Fusiliers
Lieut Edwards, 1st Dorset
Major Davies, 2nd Oxford L I
2nd Lieut Polk, Durham L I
Capt Gouldsmith, 1st R S R
2nd Lieut Carey, 2nd Cheshire
2nd Lieut Underwood, 2nd Shrop L I
Lieut Keogh, Con Rangers
2nd Lieut Hardy, 1st R Kent Regt
Lieut Seymour, 2nd K R R C
2nd Lieut Bond, 3rd R B
Lieut Bryant, R H A
2nd Lieut Skinner, R F A
2nd Lieut Stenning, R F A
Capt Broucker, R F A
Lieut Ingram, R F A
Lieut

happy; that in Western India, as admittedly in Southern India, the custom of seclusion of women prevailed to a far less extent than was generally supposed; that the system of child-marriage, though bad, was worked, on the whole, in a kind and sensible fashion; that marriages were not generally unhappy; and that even in regard to child widowhood, the natural kindness of the Hindus softened in a great measure its harsh decrees.

He quoted various writers to prove the contented character of the estimable Indian peasantry and their hatred of innovation, and he advised his hearers to read the testimony of Sir J. Munro, Meadows Taylor, and others to the excellent Indian character. With what these authorities had said on this monumentally important subject he thoroughly agreed.

He further quoted Mr. Kipling and Mr. Crooke against exaggerations to which the extent and effect of the purdah system was the perpetual subject. He deprecated the creation of appointments at the expense of the petty agriculturist taxpayer, of lady lawyers as advisers of the most protected section of a class very well able to take care of itself, viz., such purdah ladies as being incapacitated for the management of their own properties were the wards of Government.

Even Lady Dufferin's Fund came in for animadversion as at fault in proposing originally chiefly to treat purdah women who had no need of such help; who had no objection to being treated by male doctors in their houses, but who did altogether object to going to hospital. The great and valuable successes of the fund had been among non-purdah people in country places. He described the Hindu revival that has occurred in recent years, and showed how the keenness of the social reformers had been much blunted by experience of the fate of the earnest and conscientious few who literally practised what many had preached. Finally, he quoted, Sir [illegible] who said many writers on Hindu [illegible] had not understood the existing system [illegible] compared it with others before undervantages and exaggerating its faults,

[illegible] held that reform should be allowed [illegible] own way by the evolutionary process, [illegible] violently stimulated by legislative and [illegible]ve measures, and as he heard nothing in [illegible]t exaggerations of the disadvantages of customs, which were the life and soul of our fellow subjects, from persons who, in many cases, had themselves abandoned and were consequently rejected of their fellow-countrymen, he agreed with Sir Madhava Rao that "no representation was better than misrepresentation."

After an excellent and sympathetic speech by the Chairman a capital discussion was opened by Sir William Lee-Warner whose remarks consisted of a mixture of praise and blame. One of Sir William's points was that Mr. Rees had generalised too much from his experience of one Presidency, and that the title of the paper ought to have been "Domestic Life in Madras." One passage was particularly criticised by Sir W. Lee-Warner who even went so far as to suggest its excision before the paper is [illegible]d in the Society's "Journal." The passage [illegible]o is as follows:—"Our legislatures in India [illegible]ne the less since the precedent of the [illegible] of Sati, with which no other Indian [illegible]an compare, passed Acts which are [illegible]y in character and might have tended [illegible] measure to produce revolutionary move[illegible] but they have fallen still-born from [illegible]

[illegible] official authority."

LORD CURZON AND TOTTENHAM COURT ROAD.

An echo of the Viceroy's interesting speech at the Durbar Exhibition was heard at the Society of Arts a few evenings ago in the course of a suggestive and philosophical paper on some principles that may be guides for the applied arts, read by Mr. G. T. Bodley, the Royal Academician, a descendant, by the way, of the founder of the famous Bodleian Library. Things, he remarked, may be made, and are made, by machinery helped by the hand of man, without help from his mind. There is no art in such things, only ingenuity. Others may be made by machinery too, but directed by the mind of man such things as woven tapestries and carpets, and other textile fabrics, and they come into the region of art. As is said of some things, "it is quite a work of art." This might truly be said of the best kinds of Eastern carpets, so beautifully made, and so beautiful in their colouring. "Have you ever," Mr. Bodley asked, "observed how the mind of a weaver of these oriental carpets works with his hand? For example, when an orange-tinted wool comes against a red, it pales to a more golden hue; when it comes against a blue it will warm or deepen again. The orange against the red would have been hot and unpleasant-looking. Alas! that these Eastern manufactures are so fast degenerating. Indeed, some kinds or 'makes' of carpets that have been beautiful for many centuries (we know some portrayed in the accurate pictures of a Van Eyck or a Memling) have, I am told, recently ceased to be made at all. I hope that Lord Curzon's good work in trying to maintain Indian manufactures may be of use. Not that much Indian furniture is really satisfactory in design. But the carpets and many other textile fabrics are beyond praise. They are delightful, and teach us how colour should be treated in manufactures. They are works of art most certainly. It is true that fine art takes us into a higher region and to a nobler ideal. But here at this 'Society of the Applied Arts,' we are, I suppose, on somewhat lower, perhaps more useful, ground. But even in the weaving of carpets—in their palpitation of colour there may be this expression of life as well as in the drawing of their foliage or other ornament. I would that we lived with more beauty round us, and had not the deteriorating influence of the ugly things that crowd around us. Life would be happier. How depressing are all ugly things—depressing no doubt to men of artistic feeling and artistic culture like Mr. Bodley, but not to the Philistines who, I fear, form and will continue to form the majority of mankind.

OLLA PODRIDA.

A well-known ex-Bombayite, Sir Frank Forbes Adam, has been re-elected President of the St. Andrew's Society of Manchester. At the annual meeting yesterday it was announced that the Society seems to have caught on in Cottonopolis, and that it was hoped there would very soon be 200 members.

I am afraid from what I can learn that Mr. Propert's marriage mentioned by me last week must not be taken as an indication that he has recovered from the malady which has for some time past caused his friends considerable anxiety. The charming lady who has become his wife has assiduously nursed him during the past nine months.

At a club in the West End the following telegram minus the name of the person for whom it was intended was received the other day:—"Wire me if cold is worse." As is usual when the name of the addressee is omitted by the absent-minded sender—a pretty frequent occurrence—the telegram was posted in the hall where it created a certain amount of grim amusement, as it might have been addressed to some hundreds of members. We are suffering from a veritable epidemic of colds. I hardly know of a single individual who is free from a cold or, what is worse, influenza. Amongst the latest victims is the Marquis of Lansdowne who like his colleague the Prime Minister is particularly susceptible to colds of the influenza type. Apropos of influenza I heard the other day of a prominent London rector, whose name is well known in the East, who has been dangerously ill from heart affection which is attributed entirely to the sequel of la grippe. Previous to his attack of influenza there was absolutely nothing wrong with his heart. Mr. Balfour's illness has been very severe as is shown by the fact of his being obliged to remain in bed for so long.

THE BEST NATURAL APERIENT WATER

Hunyadi János

FOR

GOUT & RHEUMATISM.

"Never gives rise to undesirable symptoms even if used continuously for years."—

PROF. IMMERMANN,
University of Basle.

Average dose:—a wineglassful before breakfast, either pure or diluted with a similar quantity of hot or cold water..

THE TRIAL OF "COL." LYNCH, M. P.

THE trial at bar of "Col." Lynch, M.P., for high treason, in connection with the part he took in the late war in South Africa, was begun on Ja 21 before the Lord Chief Justice and Justices Wills and Channell.

The Attorney-General (Sir Robert F nlay, K. C.), the Solicitor-General (Sir E. Carson, K. C.), Mr. H Sutton, Mr. Charles Mathews, Mr. Guy Stephenson, and Mr Graham Campbell appeared on behalf of the Crown; Mr. Shee, K. C., Mr. Horace Avory, K. C, Mr. H. C. Biron, and Mr. Cecil Dwyer represented the defendant.

An objection to the indictment having been overruled, the prisoner, in reply to the question as to whether he pleaded guilty, or not guilty, said he was not guilty.

The Attorney-General then opened the case against the prisoner on behalf of the Crown. He said Lynch was charged with the crime of high treason, the form of the charge being that known as adhering to the enemies of the Queen. Counsel proceeded to refer to the circumstances under which the war broke out and the part prisoner had taken in it. He was a British subject born in Australia, and went to South Africa early in 1900 as a correspondent of a French paper. He then took up arms against this country and thus became guilty of high treason. There could not be a greater adherence to the enemies of this country than the making of a statement of readiness to join the King's enemies, and taking the oath of allegiance to a State at war with this country. The evidence would show that immediately before the outbreak of the war the Government of South African Republic took steps to accelerate the admission as burghers of the Transvaal of any persons willing to assist them in the war about to break out; and two things—a declaration and an oath, which were entered into by the prisoner on January 18th, 1900—were steps taken with the view of availing himself of these facilities. The learned gentlemman read these documents, in which the prisoner, "up to the present an Irishman, a British subject born in Australia," declared his readiness to take up arms for the South African Republic, in order to maintain its independence, and his desire to take the oath of allegiance to the South African Republic. He next called attention to what was done by the prisoner after that declaration was made. A brigade, described as the Irish Brigade was raised in the Transvaal for the prosecution of the war, and the prisoner was appointed commander of that Irish Brigade; as such commander he took on Feb. 10 two oaths, one that he would be faithful to the Republic in the discharge of his duties, and the other that he would demean himself according to law as a special justice of the peace. The prisoner, with the Irish Brigade, left Pretoria for the seat of war, and by March 8 he with his brigade was at a place near Glencoe in Natal, and with short interruptions he remained there till May. That was, of course, adhering to the King's enemies Two further incidents during that period were overt acts of treason. On March 21 the prisoner drew up an address to Irishmen, inviting them to join in the war. That address was struck up outside his tent, and it was published in a newspaper at Johannesburg on March 22. The address, which he read, invited Irishmen to take part in the war against this country. The second incident was that on April 10 there was a fight between the British forces and the forces of the Boers at a place called Sandy River Bridge, in which the prisoner took part with the Irish Brigade under his command. On May 12 he recrossed northward to Elandsfontein, not far from Johannesburg, and then went south to a place not far from the Vaal River. On May 20, 1900, he took part in an inquiry into the conduct of three persons supposed to be spies, and assisted the Boer officers before whom that inquiry was conducted. On May 24 two acts were committed by him at Johannesburg, either of which amounted to overt acts of treason. Prisoner was engaged first as a recruiting officer for the Boers, and was also engaged in commandeering provisions and horses for them. The learned gentleman concluded by stating that comments on these facts was unnecessary.

John Walsh, an inspector of police, gave evidence as to the arrest and identification of the prisoner on June 11 last, and produced certain documents found in his possession.

Formal evidence was next given as to the accuracy of the translations of the declarations and oaths made by the prisoner in the Dutch language.

Mr. George Kidney, examined by Mr. Mathews, said in 1896 he went to South Africa as a British subject. In October of that year he became a naturalised burgher of the Transvaal. On March 17, 1900, he was commandeered to join the Boer forces, and was ordered to the Second Irish Brigade. He went to Glencoe, where Irishmen who were gathered on March 22, and saw the prisoner, who was in command. The numerical strength of the brigade was about 70, and it was composed of men belonging to various nationalities. Outside prisoner's camp was posted a printed appeal to Irishmen, and the "Standard and Diggers' News," at Glencoe, of March 22, contained the text of the same appeal. This was signed by Lynch. The witness proceeded to give evidence showing that the brigade took part in the bombardment of the British camp in conjunction with Generals Botha and Meyer. The prisoner was also present.

Mr. F. A. Viljoen, examined by the Solicitor-General, said he was a native of the late Orange Free State. He was a burgher at the time of the outbreak of the war. He was living Johannesburg. In March 1900 he was sent out to join the 2nd Irish Brigade. He joined at Glencoe at the request of Major Mitchel. He found the prisoner in command. He reported himself to him. He stayed there about two months, serving in the commissariat department. The brigade was 40 or 50 strong when he joined. Its full strength was 80 men. He saw the prisoner nearly every day. The latter was in command all that time. At the commencement of May the brigade retreated to Volksrust. Other troops went with them. The prisoner was still in command, travelling on horseback. He (the witness) was with the waggons. The prisoner carried a revolver. The waggons contained the men's kit and small arms. When they got to Volksrust they were sent back to Vereeniging. They were sent back by General Louis Meyer, commander-in-chief of the Natal border. They went on to Elandsfontein, the prisoner still in command. They went back to Vereeniging. He had a conversation with the prisoner, asking if he could go back to Johannesburg. He was allowed to go, but was subsequently recalled by Lynch. He did not obey the summons. He stayed at Johannesburg until Lord Roberts came in. On May 24, he saw the prisoner at the recruiting office of the Second Irish Brigade. Lynch spoke to him about disobeying his orders in not returning. He said there was nothing to go back for, as there were no men. Lynch said he was very sorry, but they had nearly all deserted at Elandsfontein. While in the commissariat department and on commando he had often seen the prisoner write. He had had orders for leave signed by him. He knew his signature, and could identify it on the documents handed to him. He recollected seeing the appeal to Irishmen in the "Standard and Diggers' News." He had not seen it posted up anywhere.

Cross-examined by Mr. Shee: He was a native of the Orange Free State. It would be hard to tell the nationality of the members of the Second Irish Brigade. When he was in charge of the waggons there were few small arms and a small quantity of ammunition. On May 24th he was in Johannesburg, and saw the prisoner for the last time.

Some other evidence was given, and the case was then adjourned.

DEATH SENTENCE PASSED.

On January 23 was the third and concluding day of the trial at Bar of "Colonel" Lynch, M. P. for Galway, on a charge of high treason for the part he took in the late South Africa war. The Lord Chief Justice's Court was again crowded.

The Attorney-General (Sir Robert Finlay, K. C.), the Solicitor-General (Sir E. Carson, K. C.), Mr. H. Sutton, Mr. Charles Mathews, Mr. Guy Stephenson, and Mr. Graham Campbell appeared on behalf of the Crown; Mr. Shee, K. C., Mr. Horace Avory, K. C., Mr. H. C. Biron, and Mr. Cecil Dwyer represented the prisoner.

MORE EVIDENCE.

Mrs. F. Powell, examined by Mr. Avory, said she was sister-in-law to the prisoner, and had known him since 1888, when she met him in Berlin. In 1890 he went to Paris, and remained there, with the exception of short trips, until he went to South Africa. In 1895 Lynch married her sister, and the following year he went out as a war correspondent to Ashanti.

Mr. A Rose gave evidence as to seeing the prisoner in the camp at Glencoe.

ADDRESS FOR THE PRISONER.

Mr. Shee, for the prisoner, said it was a long time since there was a trial for high treason in this country, and he hoped it would be much longer before there was such a trial again; but they must not lose their heads over the matter. Prisoner, it must be remembered, had been eight months under arrest, and this of itself was a terrible ordeal to go through. On the 18th of this month three years had elapsed since the first act of treason took place, and if he were arrested to-day and a magisterial inquiry was opened the law would not allow him to be tried for the crime of high treason. The man, so far as he had a residence had it in Australia, and if he was to be tried it should be there. He had nothing to say upon the law. There was nothing barbarous about the law itself. The barbarity consisted, not in the law, but in the way it was applied. It was not an Act to make treason, but an Act to declare what treason is; so that the Judges in future might not strain the law or mislead the jury. In the next reign after Edward III they began to strain the law for the purpose of pressing cases of treason; a few years afterwards the law got still further strained, and in the first of Mary they had to pass another Act of Parliament. He entreated the jury, who in these days had to give the verdict, that if they were not satisfied that Arthur Lynch had been guilty of treason they would not convict him. To find such a verdict would be a monstrous use of this Act of Parliament. The punishment was too barbarous to think of. In the blessed reign of Edward VII. no man was to be convicted unless the jury were satisfied that the law of treason applied and that they were doing justice in convicting this man. This indictment, which must be looked at, states that the prisoner made his declaration with the intention of joining in the war for the South African Republic. He was entitled to say that Arthur Lynch did nothing of the sort; and he anticipated that the jury would say "No" in answer to the question did he or did he not take that declaration with intent to join in the war. The crime of high treason depended upon the intention with which the Act was done; and that intention was to be gathered not from words only, but from overt acts. A man had to do what he did with a guilty intention. He had got to do it in this case traitorously: he had got to do it as a false traitor. The prisoner went out to South Africa to follow the profession of a correspondent; he was a literary man, and was in the confidence of people in position, in order that he might be in a position to do his work with full knowledge. He went with the Boer army to see its position, its plans, its tactics, its equipment, &c. In no other way could he do it successfully than in the way he did. That was a perfectly innocent and probable reason for him to have placed himself as a belligerent, as that he would have no difficulty in getting through the lines. Arthur Lynch on the 18th January believed he was in fact a naturalised Boer; and he knew that he was naturalised for a lawful purpose. He no doubt was invited, but demanded against these two questions, otherwise the consequences were too serious to contemplate. It was on the 10th February that the documents were sworn to in connection with the 2nd Irish Brigade. There was no dispute as to the subsequent acts of the prisoner, who had done nothing mean or contemptible. He concluded a speech which occupied nearly two hours by declaring that the facts of the case did not show that the accused knowingly did anything that he believed to be unlawful, or knowingly took up arms traitorously against the British Empire.

REPLY BY THE CROWN.

The Solicitor-General said, in view of the serious issues and consequences of the trial to the prisoner at the bar, the prosecution desired to do nothing in the conduct of the case that would not be most absolute or impartial justice. Nothing could more show the state of the law now than the fact that the prisoner was able, on his mere application, to provide himself with counsel eminent at the Bar, who had done such ample justice to his case. It was unnecessary to go into the history of the law. The issue before the court was an absolute issue; and the evidence in support of the case for the Crown was not only overwhelming, but was practically admitted by the prisoner. No application was made by the prisoner to be tried either in Australia or the Transvaal and no such application could be made. He could not have had a fairer trial. What was the issue the jury had to try? The only issue was this—was the prisoner adherent to the Sovereign's enemies? The moment a British subject took up arms against his own country he was guilty of treason. It had never been charged against Lynch in the indictment that he left Paris for the Transvaal with any criminal intent. What his intent was was really immaterial. The first charge made against the prisoner was that he adhered to the Queen's enemies, and the first act the Crown had proved as supporting that charge was this—that five days after he landed in the Transvaal he appeared before State Secretary Reitz and made a declaration that he was prepared to take up arms against England. Counsel ridiculed the idea that Lynch became naturalised for Free purposes, but even if he did so we could never allow a man the moment a war broke out to do the most cowardly act that could be done towards a community—to throw off his allegiance and become a subject of the enemy. By that one act alone, if there was nothing else, the prisoner had committed a most serious and deliberate act of treason that any citizen could be guilty of. Dealing with the plea that Lynch had committed this act in ignorance, the Solicitor-General pointed out that Lynch was a man of education, and he (counsel) did not believe there was a man in the whole Empire who imagined that under the law of England, when a war broke out, he was entitled to go out and fight against his own country. Mr. Shee in his eloquent speech had not dealt with the subject-matter of the indictment. What palliation could be found for the conduct of the man who went to South Africa and both he and the men under his command fired into the British lines to shoot his own kinsmen? Another material act was that the prisoner aided in a court-martial held into the conduct of three men who were supposed to be British spies, and who, if they had been found guilty, would have been shot. Was that consistent with the duties of a British citizen? With those plain facts before them, it was the duty of the jury, whatever might be the consequences, to determine whether or not they were illegal and treasonable acts.

THE SUMMING UP.

The Lord Chief Justice commenced to sum up at 1.35. His Lordship said the case was not one which really involved any great difficulty in law or in fact. Arthur Lynch was indicted for aiding and comforting the Government and burghers of the South African Republic, who were enemies of the late Queen. There were other counts in the indictment, on which charged him with similar acts in connection with the Orange Free State. A man who took up arms against the Crown and joined the forces of the enemy committed the crime of treason. His Lordship therefore directed the jury that if a man, in time of war, joined the Queen's enemies, whether he did so for his own or for other purposes he was guilty of an unlawful act, and if he became naturalised in that country, it was no excuse whatever, in reference to his subsequent acts, to say that he had become naturalised. Even if the prisoner believed that no might, as a journalist, get some advantage by swearing allegiance to the South African Republic, it made no difference whatever to the case the jury had to consider. There were alleged 12 overt acts, and he desired to call attention to the evidence on each of them. On the 18th January the prisoner not only signed the declaration, but followed it up by the oath of allegiance to the Boers—which was alleged to be the first overt act on the part of the prisoner, which the Crown alleged to be an unlawful act, and which he felt bound to direct the jury that they could not regard as a lawful act; it was evidence that the accused was guilty of the crime with which he stood charged. It was said he did this because he wanted to get to the front; but his Lordship said whatever advantage might be derived to the accused, he had no right to join the enemies of the Queen in order to get personal advantage to himself. That of itself might be sufficient to justify the jury in coming to the conclusion that the crime of treason was committed. But if it had been merely a crime on paper, probably the court would never have been troubled with it; they were not dealing, however, with a man merely guilty of a technical breach of the law. That act was followed by a series of overt acts. On the 12th February he made a declaration and took the oath of allegiance as a special justice and colonel of the Irish Brigade. Upon his joining the Irish Brigade the jury could put out one construction. He also referred specially to the address that the prisoner posted up to Irishmen, stating that if the jury considered it a direct invitation to men who owed allegiance to the British Crown to join the Boer forces, it was evidence from which the jury should draw a conclusion. His Lordship briefly summarised the history of the subsequent overt acts, of which he pointed out that there was abundance of evidence. Mr. Shee rather indicated that the tie of allegiance was not so binding now as before, but his Lordship declared that the tie of allegiance upon British subjects was as strong and binding to-day as ever, and that it would be a sad day when persons supposed that the tie had grown old that bound them to the old country of their birth; it must not be supposed that self-interest or comparatively innocent intentions justified persons in being guilty of treason. He was bound to tell the jury that they need not consider, in the discharge of their duty, that those conducting this prosecution had done anything they ought not to have done.

VERDICT AND SENTENCE.

The jury, after consulting for 25 minutes, returned a verdict of guilty.

Prisoner was then asked whether he had anything to say why he should not be sentenced to death, and replied:—"Thank you; I say nothing."

Mr. Justice Wills then proceeded to pass sentence of death.

At the close of the sentence prisoner bowed to the Court, and was taken away by the warders.

On the application of Mr. Shee, the Lord Chief Justice granted Mrs. Lynch permission to see her husband.

THE WEATHER.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M. ON FRIDAY, THE 6TH FEBRUARY.

SUMMARY.

Pressure changes have been generally small and irregular in all districts except a brisk fall at Jalpur, Jhansi, Agra, Saugor and Jubbulpore, and a brisk rise at Amreli.

Winds continue to be very variable in direction, and are mostly moderate to light. Strong north-north-east wind is blowing on the North Coast of Kathiawar.

Temperature.—Is below normal in most places especially in Sind and Gujarat. The maximum varied from 66° at Lahore to 93° at Cochin and the minimum from 34° at Jacobabad to 76° at Negapatam.

Cloud and Humidity.—The sky is partially cloudy at Secunderabad, Bellary, Coimbatore, Nagpur, Jubbulpore, Allahabad, Agra, Delhi and Sirsa. Humidity changes are unimportant.

Rain.—A few drops fell at Jubbulpore and Allahabad.

Weather is fine, cold and settled.

E. A. KENYON,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a.m. yesterday give the following results:—

Wards.	Plague, Attacks.	Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	7	4	10
B Mandvi, Chukla, Umarkhadi and Dongri	28	21	55
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswadi, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao and Kumbharwada	28	23	42
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpatty, Walkeshwar and Mahalaxmi	5	7	16
E Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamathipura; Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	17	13	24
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	2	1	7
G Mahim and Worlee	1	3	13
Water Division	1	0	0
Non-resident and unknown	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	3	16
Total	89	77	183
Total plague deaths to date	242,552	104,132	
Same date last year	88	66	185

MR. THEODORE SYKES THOMAS, whose suicide was reported last week from Mongbyr, was a Harrow boy and joined the Civil Service in India in December 1897. He was unfortunate enough to meet with a bad accident while riding and had to take leave to England. His health was, however, permanently affected owing to injuries to his head from his fall, and he was in an unsound state of mind when he shot himself. His death is a sad one, and furnishes another example of a Civilian returning to duty too soon, when really unequal to bearing the strain of his work.

Milkmaid

BRAND

Milk

TRADE MARK.

As a Guarantee of Quality, see the MILKMAID on every Tin.

LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.

GOUT

The symptoms constitute clear evidence that uric acid is being retained in the body instead of being eliminated from it. These symptoms all point to accumulations of uric acid being formed, which will cause pain, suffering, and even agonising torment in the future. We give them in detail below:—

Acidity, Heartburn or Flatulence after meals.

Sluggish Liver, accompanied by dull pain in the right side.

Irritation between the fingers, in the palms, or about the ankle; a feeling of burning on the skin, often without redness.

Small concretions on the outer rim of the ear, and lumps under the skin on arms, breast, and legs.

Stiffness and pain in the joints and muscles.

These symptoms point direct to the use of Bishop's Varalettes, and indicate the need for commencing at once. Nothing can be gained by delay, but a great deal of avoidable suffering may have to be endured as a result of procrastination.

OTHER PEOPLE HAVE PROVED THE VALUE OF

BISHOP'S VARALETTES

IN URIC ACID TROUBLES.

Ever since Bishop's Varalettes have been offered to the public, they have been proving their transcendent virtues. When such statements as the following, occur in letter after letter, it must be clear that Bishop's Varalettes do what we say they do. Such extracts as these frequently appear in the letters we receive: "Now he is better than he has been for twenty years, and all this Change has been brought about by Bishop's Varalettes." "I am a new man since I took Bishop's Varalettes, being able to sleep at night, where formerly I was awake for hours with pains in my shoulders and hips." "Bishop's Varalettes are really a boon, and I recommend them to everyone." "During the past year I have on several occasions warded off an attack of Gout by taking Bishop's Varalettes as soon as the well-known symptoms appeared." "From the day I took Bishop's Varalettes to this I have never suffered the slightest pain, had a suspicion of gravel, or anything else." The conclusion to be drawn from these extracts is simply irresistible, and points you to the way in which you may regain your health and comfort.

Of all Chemists in Two Sizes.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS—

ALFRED BISHOP, LTD.,
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"Sold by the following local Chemists:—KEMP & Co., Ltd.; TREACHER & Co., Ltd. M. T. MADON & Co., 24/26 ABDUL RAHIMAN Street; EDULJEE BROTHERS, Crawford Market; MASTER BROTHERS, Gunbow Lane, Fort, Bombay.

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THE WATER IS RETURNED TO A TANK FOR RE-USE.

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BURDETT ROAD, LONDON, E., ENGLAND.

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Fortify the System against Disease with **PURE BLOOD.**

THE BEST SECURITY FOR HEALTH.

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ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA

Over 60 Years' World-wide Reputation.

WELL-KNOWN AS "A superior preparation that may always be relied on."

Estd. since 1829.

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Trade Mark

Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most

WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD

THE SAFEST AND MOST SUITABLE REMEDY FOR TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, WEAK AND LANGUID FEELINGS, and all Impurities of the Blood.

A Restorative after attacks of NEVER, CHOLERA, DYSENTERY, &c.

IMPORTANT EVIDENCE.

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—LANCET.
"We recommend your Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla."—MEDICAL REVIEW.
"The only preparation for removing what may be called the sequels of a humoural course."—Sir R. MARTIN.
The late LORD CLYDE said:—"I am never without it, for, when feeling depressed or out of sorts from anxiety or fatigue, a dose or two animates me."
"Your Essence of Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla cured me of Torpid Liver after all other remedies failed."—EARL OF ALDBOROUGH.
"It is in the strictest sense a tonic, with this invaluable attribute—that it is applicable to a state of the system so sunken and so irritable, as renders other tonics—some of the tonic class unavailable and injurious."—Mr. TRAVERS, F.R.S.
"In consequence of much Debility, &c., subsequent to Cholera, I have truly used it myself with great benefit and success."—JOSEPH POTT.

It is asserted on good authority that by taking a little daily the system becomes less liable to attacks of Influenza.

Beware of Imitations and Substitutes.
The public are respectfully requested to notice the Name and Trade Mark which appear on each genuine bottle.

AGENTS:—TREACHER & Co., Limited PHILLIPS, & Co., Limited KEMP & Co., &c., &c.,

Stephens' Inks

Stephens' Ribbons.

AND

Carbons.

for Typewriters.

S. S. BENNETT & CO.

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Medows Street, Bombay.

Preserve Your Sight

By using perfect American Pebble Spectacles Eye-Glasses, &c.

UNEQUAL VISION

ABOUT eighty persons out of each Hundred have some difference of Focus between the two eyes and yet the majority are content to wear Spectacles made with both lenses alike; the result is continual straining and impairment of the Vision. For the Eyes to be used healthily, each Eye should be suited separately. This method is always practised by T. S. Bennett & Co., Ophthalmic Opticians, Medows Street, Bombay, (see their Pamphlet, "Defects of Sight"), where they may be consulted personally, or by letter, Free of Charge, respecting Spectacles for all forms of defective Vision.

Illustrated Price List and our Pamphlet "Defect of Sight," free on application.

LANGUID WOMEN

PALE CHILDREN
OLD PEOPLE, INVALIDS

VIN CHAPOTEAUT

(CHAPOTEAUT'S WINE OF PEPTONE)

A DELICIOUS NUTRITIVE STIMULANT

This alimentary wine [illegible] no other solid or liquid [illegible] will remain on the stomach, Indicated in [illegible] of digestive power, [illegible] Dyspepsia, and Convalescence.

It helps sufferers from Consumption, Dysentery, Cancers, and Ulceration of the Stomach.

CHAPOTEAUT PARIS

MINERAL WATERS.

TRADE REQUISITES.

IMPORTERS of Sulphuric and other Acids, Codd's patent glass ball Bottles, Essential Oils, and Soluble Fruit Essences of eminent manufacturers, and machineries with parts thereof, and every article connected with Aerated water factory; also

THE CHEAPEST HOUSE FOR SACCHARIN

Refined, 550 times sweeter than Sugar.

Retail price Rs. 10 per lb. Special terms to large buyers.

BEST INDIAN CARPETS AT MODERATE PRICES

CURRIMBHOY JALLALBHOY & Co.

General Merchants and Commission Agent

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A PIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies

A French Remedy for all Irregularities,

dispersed in Bitter Apple, Pil Cochia, Penny royal, &c.

Obtainable from BEYNON & Co., Bombay and Poona, and all Chemists.

Proprietor:

MARTIN [illegible] Farm, Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON ENG

35 YEARS PROVEN EFFICACY.

LINUM CATHARTICUM PILLS. FOR INDIGESTION & ITS EVILS. SICK HEADACHES, BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS, &c. AN AGREEABLE APERIENT.

KAY'S TIC PILLS. CURE FACEACHE & NEURALGIA VERY SERVICEABLE IN NERVE COMPLAINTS. AVOID IMITATIONS.

COAGULINE. TRANSPARENT CEMENT FOR ALL BROKEN ARTICLES

Water is rendered ABSOLUTELY FREE from DISEASE GERMS by using the

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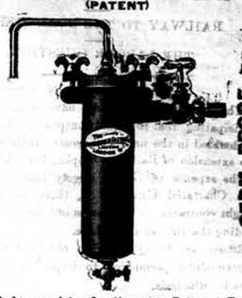

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POCKET FIELD GLASSES.

Rs. 25.

WITH SOLID LEATHER SLING CASE

These widely-known Binocular Field and Race Glasses are achromatic, and in finish, power, and sharpness of definition excel those of all other makers at the named rice. A quantity of cheap showy rubbish is sent out to India, and doubtless finds a market, but the "Lynx" is a good useful Glass, and measures only 4½ inches by 2½ inches.

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CURE

HEADACHE INDIGESTION CONSTIPATION BILE

OF ALL CHEMISTS

Price 1/1½ 2/9 & 5/6

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THE GREAT CURE for

DIARRHŒA; DYSENTERY; CHOLERA; NEURALGIA; AGUE; COLDS; INFLUENZA; FEVER;

FREEMAN'S CHLORODYNE

HELD IN HIGHEST ESTEEM FOR MORE THAN HALF A CENTURY

DON'T BE DECEIVED

NONE GENUINE WITHOUT THE "ELEPHANT" TRADE MARK

EASES PAIN AS BY A CHARM

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BIG G is a non-poisonous remedy for any unnatural discharge and inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Painless. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion.

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Indentors can obtain same through all respectable Merchants.

GOSSIP OF THE WEEK.

LONDON, JANUARY, 23.

CHANGES IN THE PRIMACY.

A change in the Primacy, like a change in the Monarchy, brings many other changes in its train, and the fact is curiously illustrated by the statement that the "Lambeth opinions" on various matters of ritual have ceased to be operative now that Dr. Temple, who delivered them, is no longer in St. Augustine's chair. New opinions on the subject involved must be obtained, it is alleged, and the ritualists may therefore be counted among those whom the change in the Primacy will affect. The Archbishop of Canterbury is the patron saint of a thousand little worlds, and scores of hospitals and benevolent societies are to-day changing their president or patron through the death of Dr. Temple. Hundreds of announcements committing the Archbishop of Canterbury to the patronage of this, that, and the other good work have for the last few weeks had no foundation, and Dr. Davidson will find himself in the next few weeks involuntarily—though we may feel sure not reluctantly—interested in many of which he has probably never heard.

A TALE OF A JUBILEE HOSPITAL.

An odd example of the things which may happen when one Government goes out and another comes in, occurred not long ago in Australia. For months a newly-erected hospital in Melbourne remained empty and unused while pressing need existed for it, and this extraordinary state of things was due entirely to a change of Government. The hospital had been erected at a cost of nineteen thousand pounds to celebrate the Diamond Jubilee of Queen Victoria, and the Government promised a grant of four thousand pounds towards the furnishing of the institution. On the strength of this promise a local bank undertook to advance the money, and then, before the arrangement could be completed, the Government was defeated. Matters reached a deadlock, which still existed a month or two ago, and may be existing still.

THE NEW BIRTH OF AN EMPIRE.

Thirty-two years ago on Sunday, in the Hall of Mirrors at Versailles, the King of Prussia was proclaimed German Emperor, and the German Empire was re-established. It is one of the strange ironies of history that this birth of the Empire took place in the famous palace which has been the scene of so many glories of monarchical France. In the presence of all the German Princes, under the standards of the army before Paris, Count von Bismarck read the memorable proclamation in which the King of Prussia accepted his new rank "in the hope that it will be granted to the German people to enjoy in lasting peace the reward of its arduous and heroic struggles within boundaries that will give to the Fatherland that security against renewed French attacks which it has lacked for centuries," and that he might be the defender of the Empire not in martial conquests, but in works of peace in the sphere of national prosperity, freedom, and civilization.

THE KAISER'S TITLE.

A few nights after some officers were discussing the new title, Bismarck was present—he had just made the remark that before they deliver up seven hundred thousand rifles and four thousand guns they shall not get a single mouthful of bread." The occasion was on the point which has been discussed many times since then—the difference between "German Emperor," "Emperor of Germany," and "Emperor of the Germans," and the officers could not agree. Bismarck was not interested, but during the discussion he looked up and asked: "Does anyone know the Latin word for sausage?" "Farcimentum," said one; "Farcimen," said another, and Bismarck, with a significant smile, exclaimed: "Farcimentum or farcimen, it is all the same to me." Sausage was sausage whatever its name, and he had his Empire whatever it might be called.

WHAT THE "COURT CIRCULAR" DID NOT KNOW.

The Kaiser's right title is, of course, "German Emperor" and not "Emperor of Germany." It was first officially declared in an order to the Army thirty-two years ago yesterday, when the Emperor announced to the troops that "I take, with the consent of the German Princes and the adhesion of all the German people, in addition to my rank as King of Prussia, that of German Emperor." Yet, though the title is given explicitly in the Constitution as "Deutscher Kaiser," nothing is more common than to see it set down as "Emperor of Germany," obviously not the same thing. Even the "Court Circular" has gone astray on the point. In 1889, during the Kaiser's visit to England, His Majesty was invariably referred to in the "Court Circular" as "Emperor of Germany," and the style was only changed when an ex-Cabinet Minister wrote to the "Times" on the subject.

THE FOREIGNER ON OUR SHORES.

It will not be the fault of the halfpenny newspapers if the life of the alien is happy in England; and one hopes that the Englishmen living abroad are not shrieked stout in quite the same way. Since the battle of Waterloo, Mr. Mulhall estimated twenty-seven million people in Europe have left their homes, broken up family ties, and sought their future in new lands, and the most recent figures show that Great Britain, if she receives more than her share of what is politely called "the world's riff-raf," sends out quite her fair share of Britishers into the world at large. During the first half of the last decade, 40,000 Britishers settled in France, 16,000 in Germany, 7,000 in Italy, 4,000 in Belgium, 3,000 in Switzerland, 2000 in Austria, and 13,000 in other countries. It is true that in the same period we had 275,000 foreigners arrive on our shores, but in the same time France had over a million, Germany half a million, and Austria and Switzerland over two hundred thousand.

ENGLAND'S "ALIENS."

Taking into account her population, Great Britain sends more of her subjects abroad than any other country. There were living in countries other than their own in 1897 from five to six million Britishers, against under four million Germans, under three millions Italian under two million Scandinavians, and under one million Frenchmen, Russians, Austrians, and Spaniards. Of twenty million people now living in countries not their own, one in five is a British subject, and it is curious that the nations with the highest percentages of population resident abroad are England, Ireland, and Canada. England has twelve per cent. of her population living under other flags; Ireland thirty-six per cent., and Canada twenty-one—though in Canada's case "under another flag" means little more than across the street.

UNCLE SAM'S JOHN BULLS.

Other countries, too, have their aliens. In Russia in 1880 there were 148,000 foreigners—almost as many as in England; in Germany 276,000—more than in England; in Belgium 143,000; in Italy 60,000—in Holland 69,000; and in Brazil nearly half a million. The United States ten years ago had ten million "foreigners" living under its protection, and it is interesting to note that between the years 1820 and 1850 nearly one-half of the emigrants from this country went to the States, which received from England in those five years no fewer than 938,000 men, women, and children. Uncle Sam may be supposed to have no objection to the influx, seeing that immigrants stood for an increase in the national wealth of America from 1850 to 1880 of more than a thousand millions sterling.

THE VALUE OF AN IMMIGRANT.

Nothing can be more absurd than to imagine that immigration is in itself a bad thing. Forty years ago two hundred men settled on a tract of waste land in North America, comprising to-day the State of Colorado. In twenty years there were 1,220 miles of railway, fourteen daily papers, 190,000 inhabitants, and agricultural products worth £700,000 a year, while in 1876 the value of property in Colorado was nearly thirty millions sterling. In the Argentine Republic 800,000 immigrants raised the national revenue by nearly five millions sterling in twenty years—an average of £6 per head.

FOREIGNERS WHO BECOME BRITISH.

The racial prejudice which is being so vehemently stirred up is singularly ungracious from a country which owes more to foreigners, on the authority of Professor Freeman, than any other country in the world, and whose glory it has been that her sons have gone forth into every country as the ministers of commerce, civilisation, and peace. It is easy to put one's finger on many honoured names in the British peerage, or among the servants of the Crown, which belong to families who came to England from outside her borders, and in our own time we have had a Prime Minister and a First Lord of the Admiralty who were not British born, while a Dutchman's son at this moment holds one of the most responsible public positions in the capital.

OF TRAITORS AND THE TRAITOR'S GATE.

It helps us to realise how rare a crime is treason to remember that the last traitors to suffer execution were the Cato-street conspirators, who were caught in time to save the assassination of the Cabinet in [illegible]. From that time no execution has been carried [illegible] treason in England, though there have [illegible] trials and traitors since. The word [illegible] has been lightly used in recent years, [illegible] a time almost in danger of coining [illegible] century language, but it was [illegible] in a mood much too [illegible] the scaffold. It was in [illegible] spoke to another [illegible] down the Thames [illegible] passing the Tower, [illegible] the first great

SAVE YOUR HAIR

With Shampoos of Cuticura Soap and Light Dressings of Cuticura.

This treatment at once stops falling hair, removes crusts, scales, and dandruff, soothes irritated, itching surfaces, stimulates hair follicles, supplies the roots with energy and nourishment, and makes the hair grow upon a sweet, wholesome, healthy scalp when all else fails.

MILLIONS USE CUTICURA SOAP

Assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, in the form of baths for annoying irritations and inflammations, or too free or offensive perspiration, and for all the purposes of the toilet, as well as by millions of women in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women and mothers.

COMPLETE TREATMENT FOR EVERY HUMOUR,

Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA OINTMENT, to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal; and CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS, to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, and scaly skin, scalp, and blood humours, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world. Australian Depot: R. TOWNS & Co., Sydney. British Depot: 27-28, Charterhouse Sq., London. French Depot: 5 Rue de la Paix, Paris. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS (Chocolate Coated) are a new, tasteless, odourless, economical substitute for the celebrated liquid CUTICURA RESOLVENT, as well as for all other blood purifiers and humour cures. Put up in screw-cap pocket vials, containing 60 doses. CUTICURA PILLS are alterative, antiseptic, tonic, digestive, and the purest, sweetest, most successful and economical of blood and skin purifiers, humour cures, and tonic-digestives.

LIPTONS

TEAS—Perfect Quality.

COFFEES—Received the Grand Prix at Paris Exhibition.

WHISKIES—Old and mellow.

PROVISIONS—Ham, Bacon, Cheese always fresh and good. Jams, Marmalade, Sugar, Tart Fruits, &c., &c., &c.

COFFEES—Roast and ground daily in India, therefore always fresh.

TEAS—A treat for all.

LIPTONS GOODS are on sale at all dealers or from D. C. OOMRIGAR and D. H. HEERAJEE—BOMBAY.

TRY IT IN YOUR BATH.

SCRUBB'S CLOUDY FLUID AMMONIA

MARVELLOUS PREPARATION.

Refreshing as a Turkish Bath. Invaluable for all Toilet Purposes.
Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair.
Removes Stains and Grease Spots from Clothing, Etc.
Restores the Colour to Carpets.
Allays the Irritation caused by Mosquito Bites.
Invigorating in Hot Climates. Cleans Plate and Jewellery.

For Sale by all Grocers and Chemists.

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HARLENE FOR THE HAIR

THE GREAT HAIR PRODUCER AND RESTORER.

The Very Finest Dressing, Specially Prepared and Delicately Perfumed for the Toilet.

"HARLENE"

Produces Luxuriant Hair, Prevents its Falling Off or Turning Grey.

UNEQUALLED FOR PROMOTING THE GROWTH OF THE BEARD AND MOUSTACHE.

THE RENOWNED REMEDY FOR BALDNESS.

For Preserving, Strengthening, and Rendering the Hair Beautifully Soft; for Removing Scurf, Dandruff, &c. also for RESTORING GREY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOUR.

"HARLENE" PRESERVES, STRENGTHENS, AND INVIGORATES CHILDREN'S HAIR.

Full description and directions for use in 20 languages supplied with every bottle.

1/-, 2/6 and (triple 2/6 size) 4/6 per Bottle from Druggists &c., all over the World.

"HARLENE" Co., High Holborn, LONDON, ENGLAND.

S. & H. HARRIS'

HARNESS PREPARATIONS.

Sold by all Saddlers and Storekeepers.

SADDLE PASTE & SOAP.

BLACK DYE.

JET BLACK OIL.

Manufactory: LONDON, E., ENGLAND.

Danger ahead! [illegible] published everywhere for [illegible] and superior

THE "GENTILLE" WATCH

VERY THIN

Most comfortable in wear, being extremely thin will not distend the pocket

Very Fine **LEVER** MOVEMENT.

15 Jewels, three extra set and screwed on top plate as in High Class English watches.
REAL CUT EXPANSION BALANCE.
Palladium Hairspring.

FINE BLACK STEEL "GENTILLE" LEVER WATCH

RS. 32.

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Each watch is supplied in case with spare glass and mainspring and the usual written guarantee for 2 years.

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COMPLETE IN ENGLISH-MADE WRISTLET.

Exceptionally Fine **LEVER WATCH**

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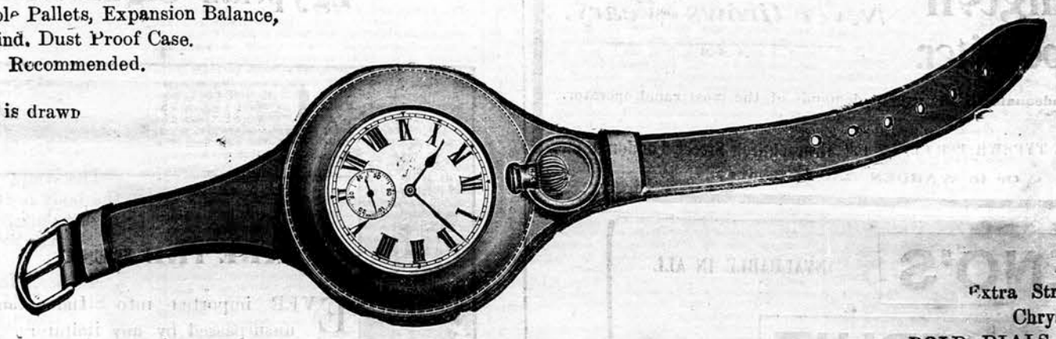
Visible Pallets, Expansion Balance,
Stemwind, Dust Proof Case.
Highly Recommended.

Illustration is drawn actual Size.



Extra Strong Chrystal Glasses
BOLD DIALS.
Perfect Time-keepers.
Specially constructed for rough use.

Real Nickel Silver Case.....Rs. 25.
Fine Silver Case.....Rs. 32.

Prices include wristlets.

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MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS AND WATCHMAKERS.
BOMBAY & POONA.

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TO THEIR MAJESTIES

The **KING** and **QUEEN**

Delicious, Wholesome and Refreshing.

ROSE'S LIME JUICE Cordial.

Is absolutely the Purest and Best Beverage. It Purifies the Blood.

A STUBBORN FOE.

To conquer an obstinate enemy requires persistency and perseverance. It is the same with Rheumatism, the dread foe of mankind, which ranks foremost in stubbornness. To eradicate it from the system, you must use the right weapon. **Little's Oriental Balm** is the only remedy that can overpower it. It has cured helpless, crippled sufferers who have been discharged from the hospital as incurable.

Mr. W. Williams, Eve Road, Leyton, says—"For 9 years I have been rendered unfit for work by Rheumatism. At night, terrible shooting pains kept me in agony. I could not sleep or use my arms. Two boxes of that wonderful remedy, **Little's Oriental Balm** cured me completely. I can recommend it with utmost confidence." Sold at 1s. 6d. per box. Of all chemists.

PERSISTENT INDIGESTION

My wife suffered persistently from indigestion for years, and had been trying doctors and all sorts of medicine without the least benefit; but I am pleased to tell you after taking three or four doses of Nature's Herbal Extract she has not felt so well for years. Her appetite has improved, and she is decidedly stronger.

N. BECKFORD of Carmel, Ind.

THE CONCENTRATED JUICES OF NATURES REMEDIES ROOTS & HERBS

NATURE'S HERBAL EXTRACT

CURES DYSPEPSIA

Sold at as 12 per bottle. Of all chemists.

Carl Martini, Schlotheim (Germany)

Camelshair Belting and Press Cloth

TRUE HAIR GROWER

When I was bald I came into possession of the secret of a genuine hairgrower. My hair grew to its present length in about 80 days. Hundreds of other similar cases. I am selling the marvellous preparation. To introduce it I will post you a trial box in sealed plain parcel for only 4 stamps. Try it, as I did, and convince yourself. Address:—

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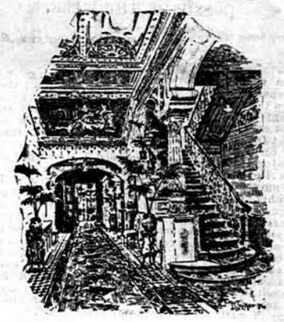

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